

# THE DAILY REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME XXII--NO. 275

SEYMOUR, INDIANA, THURSDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 22, 1898

PRICE TWO CENTS

## Suffered 20 Years.



MR. MARY LEWIS, wife of a prominent farmer, and well known of all old residents near Belmont, N. Y., writes: "For twenty-seven years I had been a constant sufferer from nervous prostration, and paid large sums of money for doctors and advertised remedies without benefit. Three years ago my condition was alarming; the least noise would startle and unnerve me. I was unable to sleep, had a number of sinking spells and slowly grew worse. I began using Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and Nerve and Liver Pills. At first the medicine seemed to have no effect, but after taking a few bottles I began to notice a change; I rested better at night, my appetite began to improve and I rapidly grew better, until now I am as nearly restored to health as one of my age may expect. God bless Dr. Miles' Nervine."



Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and Nerve and Liver Pills.

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## ALGER'S INSPECTION

The General Given a Reception on His Arrival at Chattanooga.

## HE VISITS CAMP THOMAS

Makes a Speech in Which He Defends the Medical and Quartermasters' Departments—Congratulates General McKee at Camp Poland—Officers' Complaints at Camp Hamilton.

Chattanooga, Sept. 22.—Secretary Alger and party reached this city last night from Knoxville. The party was met at the depot by the mayor of the city and a large number of citizens and were conducted to the city auditorium where 3,000 people had gathered to meet and receive them. Secretary Alger was greeted with the most cordial applause. He made a short speech thanking the people for their courteous reception. He said with reference to charges of mismanagement: "That some mistakes have occurred, I admit, but that the medical department, the commissary department and the quartermaster's department have done their full duty, I affirm."

Secretary Alger and party spent today at Chickamauga park, visiting Leiter and Sternberg hospitals and inspecting the camp sites of the various regiments of the Camp Thomas army.

## NUMEROUS CHARGES.

It is Said Will Result From General Alger's Camp Inspection.

Lexington, Ky., Sept. 22.—A prominent gentleman, close to the national administration, as well as to the officers here at Camp Hamilton says the present tour of inspection of the southern camps by Secretary Alger, Quartermaster General Ludington and Surgeon General Sternberg will likely develop numerous charges from regimental and general field officers against both the medical and the quartermasters' departments and especially against some commissaries. The talking was begun here by General Sanger against the medical department and by General Waites against the quartermasters, and it is expected that officers at other points will add very materially to this testimony before the tour of inspection is completed. Secretary Alger stated that all of this information and all other evidence that he could secure would be presented to the investigating commission at Washington.

At the conference here of Secretary Alger with General Breckinridge, the commander of Camp Hamilton, and other officers, General Sanger said while the division hospital may be a good thing, that as it was conducted

the sick who should have had better attention at the proper time. Surgeon General Sternberg in reply insisted that all requisitions had been honored in Washington, and that any medical men failing to do their duty should be reported.

General Waites told Secretary Alger that the neglect of some quartermasters to furnish supplies was criminal. While in Chickamauga he frequently made requisitions which were not honored. An imperative order had been sent to have all water boiled. He had made a requisition on Quartermaster General Leo for water boilers. No attention was paid to the requisition and after he repeatedly urged Quartermaster General Leo to send the boilers and telling him how the men were contracting typhoid fever, he was met with a reply which read:

"The war department does not furnish boilers." General Waites then purchased the boilers himself, but the seeds of typhoid fever had been sown, and the daily report showed the list of deaths and of cases in the hospitals. Pointing at Quartermaster Ludington, General Waites said: "These men cannot say it was somebody else's fault. It was the fault of Quartermaster Leo and it was the fault of Quartermaster Ludington, who is standing right there." Ludington made no reply to Waites, as Sternberg had done to Sanger.

## Boilers Were Furnished.

Washington, Sept. 22.—The quartermaster's department of the army states that the claim made by certain officers that boilers were not furnished for boiling water at Chickamauga is not true. On the same date that Chief Quartermaster Leo telegraphed for the boilers 2,000 were sent and a little later 500 more. It is also stated that the soldiers would not drink the boiled water because it had a flat taste and preferred and drank fresh water.

## ALGER AT CAMP POLAND.

General McKee Congratulated on the Conclusion of His Camp and Men.

Knoxville, Sept. 22.—The secretary of war, who yesterday inspected Camp Poland and reviewed the enlisted men encamped there, made a speech to the commanding officers at General McKee's headquarters, in which he fixed the blame for the sickness in the different camps throughout the country on the commanding officers.

Secretary Alger went from the depot direct to the camp and, accompanied by his staff and the officers of the camp, all on horseback, rode over the drill field and inspected the troops. He then reviewed the grand parade arranged in his honor.

He next visited the hospitals and regimental quarters and made a thorough inspection of the condition of the camp and men. General Alger congratulated General McKee on the splendid condition of his camp and of the troops.

In his speech to the commanding officers, Secretary Alger said: "I came here to visit this camp for the purpose of acquainting myself with the conditions and to see for myself just how the troops are faring and to hear from the officers any recommendations that they may think will benefit the camp."

"I want to hear what the commanders have to say about division hospitals and regimental hospitals, more especially. There has been a great deal of talk about the conditions of the camp hospitals."

"I want to say that had the war department been acquainted with the conditions said to have existed at Chickamauga the troops there would have been moved long before they were."

"We received only good reports at Washington from the commanding officers and it was supposed that the outside reports were exaggerated."

"The commanders of camps are responsible for the condition of their camps and if the men are not well cared for, and if the hospital and sanitary conditions are bad, the commanding officer must answer for it."

"The war department has been and is ready to supply the demands of the troops for medicines and sustenance and there is no reason why conditions other than the best possible should exist."

## SICK FROM SIBONEY.

Two Transports Arrive at Montauk With Invalid Soldiers.

Camp Wikoff, Sept. 22.—The Segurana arrived here unexpectedly yesterday with sick troops from Siboney. In fact her arrival was a surprise, and still greater was the surprise when the Mexican steamed in a few hours later with more sick from Siboney and Santiago.

When the Vigilance reached here a couple of weeks ago she reported that she brought the last of the sick from Siboney and Santiago. When the Segurana came she made the same announcement, and four hours later the Mexico did likewise.

The Mexico had on board 76 men of Troop M, Tenth Cavalry, and 18 sick, none with contagious diseases, and all likely to recover.

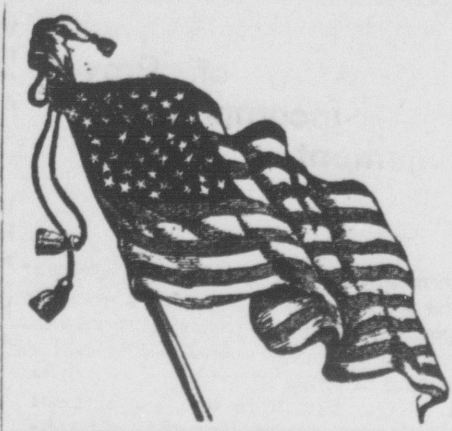
## FOR DEWEY.

Navy Department Orders Four Hundred Sailors Sent to the Admiral.

Washington, Sept. 22.—The navy department has ordered 400 sailors to be sent to Admiral Dewey's squadron at Manila. The men will be sent from San Francisco on a merchant steamer. It is the purpose of the department to gather most of the men from the Pacific coast, but orders have been given to Lieutenant Commander Vail, in charge of the permanent naval recruiting station in Chicago, to recruit 110 of the sailors there.

## General Garcia Coming.

Washington, Sept. 22.—It is expected by members of the Cuban delegation here that General Calixto Garcia, second in command of the Cuban forces during the war, will come to this country in the course of the next two weeks.



visiting New York, Baltimore and Washington. His coming is looked forward to with much interest, in view of the prominent part he took in the military operations around Santiago and the unfortunate clash between him and General Shafter following the surrender of the city.

## Laid to Rest in Arlington.

Washington, Sept. 22.—The remains of Captain Allyn Capron, one of the notable figures of the Santiago campaign, and father of Captain Allyn K. Capron of the Rough Riders, who fell in the first battle of the war, were buried at Arlington National cemetery yesterday, with military honors. The funeral was attended by a large number of prominent army officers including Major General Miles and members of his staff.

## Colonel Bryan.

Washington, Sept. 22.—Colonel William Jennings Bryan, Third Nebraska volunteers, reached Washington last night from Jacksonville, Fla. Colonel Bryan's uniform looked as immaculate as if he had just stepped from his tailor's establishment. "Colonel Bryan, Jacksonville dispatches say that you are likely to resign your commission," was suggested to him. "Really, I cannot discuss that matter now," he replied.

## Decided Improvement.

Washington, Sept. 22.—General Lawton's report of the health conditions of the American troops at Santiago last night indicates a distinct improvement. The number of sick has been reduced more than 400 during the past two days and only one death is reported.

## Started an Endless Chain.

Birmingham, N. Y., Sept. 22.—George E. Green, president of the Commercial Travelers' Home Association of America, has started a 10-cent endless chain of letters for the purpose of raising money to complete the home, the cornerstone of which was laid on South Mountain, in this city, Oct. 9, 1894.

## THE MARKETS.

Prevailing Prices for Grain, Cattle and Provisions on Sept. 21.

## Indianapolis.

WHEAT—Strong; No. 2 red, 66 1/2c. CORN—Firm; No. 2 mixed, 29 1/2c. OATS—Firm; No. 2 mixed, 22 1/2c. CATTLE—Steady at \$3.00 to \$3.50. HOGS—Steady at \$3.00 to \$3.50. SHEEP—Active at \$2.00 to \$2.50. LAMBS—Active at \$3.25 to \$3.50.

## Chicago Grain and Provisions.

WHEAT—Dec. opened 63 1/2c, closed 63 1/2c. May opened 64 1/2c, closed 64 1/2c. CORN—Dec. opened 29 1/2c, closed 29 1/2c. May opened 31 1/2c, closed 31 1/2c. OATS—Dec. opened 20 1/2c, closed 20 1/2c. May opened 22 1/2c, closed 22 1/2c. PORK—Oct. opened \$8.20, closed \$8.10. Dec. opened \$8.27, closed \$8.17. LARD—Oct. opened \$1.70, closed \$1.67. Dec. opened \$1.75, closed \$1.72. RIBS—Oct. opened \$5.25, closed \$5.23. Dec. opened \$5.67, closed \$5.67. Closing cash markets—Wheat, 69 1/2c; corn, 21 1/2c; pork, \$8.07; lard, \$1.67; ribs \$5.27.

## Cincinnati Grain and Livestock.

WHEAT—Firm; No. 2 red, 70c. CORN—Firm; No. 2 mixed, 29 1/2c. OATS—Firm; No. 2 mixed, 24c. CATTLE—Lower at \$2.00 to \$2.50. HOGS—Easy at \$3.00 to \$3.50. SHEEP—Steady at \$2.00 to \$2.50. LAMBS—Steady at \$3.25 to \$3.50.

## Chicago Livestock.

CATTLE—Lower at \$2.25 to \$2.50. HOGS—Lower at \$3.00 to \$3.50. SHEEP—Lower at \$2.00 to \$2.50. LAMBS—Lower at \$3.25 to \$3.50.

## Toledo Grain.

WHEAT—Dull; No. 2 cash, 69 1/2c. CORN—Dull; No. 2 mixed, 29 1/2c. OATS—Dull; No. 2 mixed, 21c.

## NOTES OF TWO STATES.

An epidemic of typhoid fever is raging in Madison county, Ky.

Samuel Holmes, aged 19, was killed to death by a mule at Richmond, Ky.

M. H. Lamson of Butler, Ind., who stepped on a rusty nail some time ago, is dead of lockjaw.

Miss Grace Steffy of Fort Wayne, was badly burned by exploding sealing wax while canning fruit.

Thirty cases of diphtheria have been reported to the health board at Washington, Ind., with three deaths.

The Thirty-fourth Indiana Regimental association will hold a reunion at Frankton, Ind., on Oct. 18.

The death of the Schenkenberger poisoning case at Frankton, Ind., it is alleged, will be insanity.

George Michael of Silver Lake, Ind., has grown 19 pumpkins, the aggregate weight of which is 450 pounds.

The infant child of Theodore Eckert of Jasper, Ind., fell into a bracket and was drowned in three inches of water.

William Hayes of Laurel, Ind., participated in a quarrel between Dennis and Carry Kelley, and was stabbed by Dennis.

The best sugar interests of Indiana have held a meeting and decided to ask the legislature to pay a bounty to beet growers.

The curfew ordinance at Fort Wayne is peculiar, inasmuch as any adult citizen is authorized to arrest trust children violating its provisions.

Wagon loaded with wheat, drawn by a pair of mules, belonging to J. D. Chrest, of near Lancaster, Ky., was thrown over a 75-foot precipice into Dix river. The team was killed and the driver had a narrow escape with his life.

## TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet. May.

## BLANCO'S ADVISERS

Considering Questions That Will Arise at the Peace Conference.

## COLONIAL CABINET VIEWS

Solicited by the Madrid Government on Many Points That Will Be Discussed. American Evacuation Commissioners Noncommunicative—Terrible Death Roll in Matanzas.

Havana, Sept. 22.—The colonial cabinet held a session, presided over by Captain General Blanco, to treat of matters pertaining to the evacuation of the island and to examine into and approve of the decisions of the supreme court in answer to questions which will arise at the Paris peace conference. The colonial government's judgment and opinion will extend to matters of grave importance, such as the administration of justice, civil rights, citizenship rights, international relations, territorial rights, the public debt and internal debt of the colony, university and professional titles, industrial and intellectual rights, liberty of the army, commerce and tariff regulations and other subjects equally vital.

The colonial cabinet has been furnished with a list of the questions which will arise and the answers to be given, as decided upon at Madrid. Its advice was solicited on these different points and it is understood the answers are fully approved by it.

Important documents will be taken to Paris by Dr. Congosto, secretary general of Cuba, who will sail for Europe via New York on Saturday next.

The American commissioners have not yet answered the communication sent them by the Spanish commission regarding the evacuation of the island. Admiral Sampson, when approached on the subject of the date for the final evacuation proposed by the Spaniards, and asked whether or not it was true that objection would be made to the embarkation of the Spanish troops taking until the end of February, and whether a protest or any answer had been made to the note of the Spanish commissioners, replied that he knew nothing about the matter. Such is the reserve with which our commissioners are clothed.

Robert P. Porter, who is in Cuba on a special mission from the United States government in relation to the financial and economic aspects of the situation, intends to visit Trinidad before returning home. Since leaving Havana for Cienfuegos week before last, Mr. Porter has been assiduously gathering material for a full report to President McKinley relating to tariff regulations, port charges, internal taxation and other sources of income to the island.

Advices from Matanzas state that between Jan. 1, last, and Sept. 15 there were reported 331 births and 3,901 deaths. Of the latter 80 per cent were due to hunger and distress.

These advices also report that the body of a white man, who had died from hunger, was found lying in San Sebastian street, opposite the Matanzas railway station yesterday morning where it was allowed to lay. The conditions at Matanzas continue deplorable. The announcement is made that the Matanzas Railway company will soon rebuild its stations at Golpi, Rabel, Bare, Carrillo, Podreso, Crimea and Murga, which were destroyed during the year, and that, beginning Oct. 1 it intends to run two trains daily from either end of the line, thus resuming the operation of the road as it was before the war.

## YELLOW FEVER.

Reports From Various Points in the South Regarding the Disease.

Louisville, Sept. 22.—Following is a recapitulation of the yellow fever situation made up from reports received from the far south last night: One new case at New Orleans; one death at Oxford, Miss., where it is reported that exposure to the infection had been general, with five cases of yellow fever now under treatment. There is one new case at Orwood, Miss., and three at Taylor's Station.

## Paris Calls on the President.

Washington, Sept. 22.—Representatives C. W. Stone and Paris were among the president's callers. Mr. Paris talked with him briefly concerning the conduct of the approaching campaign.

## WIRE TICKS.

Captain C. A. Worden of the Seventh Infantry is dead at Fort Logan, Colo.

Exposition Commissioner Peck and staff have placed a gold wreath on the tomb of Lafayette at Paris.

The report that M. Cambon, the French minister, is to be transferred to Vienna is not believed in Washington.

The American Tobacco company (the trust) has bought the Brown Tobacco company's plant at St. Louis for \$1,300,000.

A Peking dispatch says the empress dowager has recovered her ascendancy over the emperor and that the latter is now practically in a state of tutelage.

The G. A. R. post at Narragansett Pier, R. I., furnished an escort for the remains of Miss Winnie Davis from the hotel to the railway station at Narragansett Pier.

The governor of Sierra Leone has offered a reward of £10 for the conviction of the perpetrators of the murder of the American missionaries at Rotofunk and Thama last May.

The steamer Santiago has arrived in New York from Havana with Miss Jessie Schley of Milwaukee, who visited the queen regent at Madrid on a peace mission, on board.

## INTO THE MINES

Catholic Church at Audenreid, Pa., Is Slowly Sinking.

Hazleton, Pa., Sept. 22.—St. Patrick's church at Audenreid is slowly sinking into the mines and abandonment of the property probably will be necessary. For the past 10 hours the ground has been settling and the southern wing of the church is almost entirely torn away, the main building being supported only by two badly twisted pillars. Father Malloy has ordered the removal of everything from the church and it is thought that the building will be unfit for use again. The cause of the cave-in is a sudden rush of coal in a gangway running beneath four large pillars of coal in a breast directly under the building. The church is valued at \$8,000. Large fissures have appeared in the territory surrounding the church, but thus far no other properties are affected.

## LEXINGTON RACES

Only a Small Attendance Notwithstanding the Good Weather.

Lexington, Ky., Sept. 22.—Small crowd, but a good track and fine weather, yesterday. The following events took place:

First race—Eleven-sixteenths of a mile. Elsinu, won; Dudley E. second; Ben O'Fallon, third. Time, 1:50 1/4.

Second race—Five furlongs. Spreo, won; Charlie O. second; Will Williamson, third. Time, 1:04 1/4.

Third race—Six furlongs. Dad Steele, won; Star of Bethlehem, second; Ad Russell, third. Time, 1:16 1/4.

Fourth race—Seven furlongs. Scottie D. won; Padrone, second; Frank Griffin, third. Time, 1:30 1/4.

## WERE TAYLOR'S MEN

Meeting of National Association of Mexican War Veterans.

Louisville, Sept. 22.—The National Association of Mexican War Veterans convened here yesterday. About 150 white-haired heroes who fought under Zachary Taylor are in attendance. The reunion will end this evening with a banquet at Fountain Ferry park. The sessions were held in the city hall, and the business has been varied by many entertainments. Officers will be elected this afternoon. The retiring officers served several years. They are: President, Major S. P. Tuft, Centralia, Ill.; vice president, General E. H. Hobson, Greenville, Ky.; secretary, Wilbur Smith, Lexington, Ky.; marshal, Samuel McFadden, Logansport, Ind.

## GOVERNOR PINGREE

Renominated by Michigan Republicans and His Reform Ideas Commended.

Detroit, Sept. 22.—Governor Pingree was unanimously renominated by acclamation yesterday afternoon by the Republican state convention. His reform ideas and efforts toward regulating alleged inequalities of taxation were heartily commended in the platform adopted, and many members of his party who have heretofore not been in accord with the governor joined in the cheering when he appeared and made a characteristic speech of acceptance.

## Shot in His Doorway.

Corbin, Ky., Sept. 22.—Lige Carr, living in the edge of town, was called to his door by Will Mitchell, who fired on him with a shotgun loaded with buckshot. One of the shot took effect, one in the left jaw, just missing the jugular vein, the other in the left shoulder. The affair was the result of an old grudge. Mitchell has not yet been arrested.

## Queen of the Carnival.

San Francisco, Sept. 22.—Among the passengers on the steamer Alameda from Hilo was Miss Anna Rose, some times called "The Rose of Hilo." Miss Rose is enroute to Topeka, where she is to act as queen of the carnival to be held there. A reception will be given her before she departs for the east by former residents of Kansas.

## Esterhazy in London in Disguise.

London, Sept. 22.—The Daily News says the Comte Esterhazy has been sojourning in London in the guise of an Italian count. In the course of the interview Comte Esterhazy said he had constantly passed the detectives detailed to watch him while in Paris in his present disguise and that nobody had recognized him.

## Fears Hydrophobia.

Hagerstown, Ind., Sept. 22.—O. T. Wright, a prominent citizen, well known over the state as an undertaker, was bitten several days ago by pet dog, which has since exhibited symptoms of hydrophobia. Mr. Wright has gone to the Pasteur Institute at Chicago for treatment.

## National German Baptist.

St. Louis, Sept. 22.—The 12th triennial conference of the National German Baptist association has begun at the First German church. The association represents 240 churches, and there are 200 delegates present from all parts of the United States.

## BASEBALL.

Standing of the Clubs. NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Clubs.	W.	L.	Pct.	Clubs.	W.	L.	Pct.
Boston	37	44	.458	Philadelphia	33	52	.389
Baltimore	34	46	.425	Pittsburgh	32	52	.381
Cincinnati	32	48	.400	Cleveland	28	54	.344
Brooklyn	24	56	.294	St. Louis	28	54	.344
Chicago	23	57	.288	Washington	28	54	.344
New York	20	61	.244	St. Paul	28	54	.344

## National League.

Clubs.	Pitchers.	R.	E.
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MR. MARY LEWIS, wife of a prominent farmer, and well known by all old residents near Belmont, N. Y., writes: "For twenty-seven years I had been a constant sufferer from nervous prostration, and paid large sums of money for doctors and advertised remedies without benefit. Three years ago my condition was alarming; the least noise would startle and unnerve me. I was unable to sleep, had a number of sinking spells and slowly grew worse. I began using Dr. Miles' Restorative Nerve and Nerve and Liver Pills. At first the medicine seemed to have no effect, but after taking a few bottles I began to notice a change; I rested better at night, my appetite began to improve and I rapidly grew better, until now I am as nearly restored to health as one of my age may expect. God bless Dr. Miles' Nerve."

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## ALGER'S INSPECTION

The General Given a Reception on His Arrival at Chattanooga.

## HE VISITS CAMP THOMAS

Makes a Speech in Which He Defends the Medical and Quartermaster's Departments—Congratulates General McKee at Camp Poland—Officers' Complaints at Camp Hamilton.

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SURGEON GENERAL STERNBERG.

It had been a disgrace to the service; that it had deprived the regiments of their surgeons and caused hardships on



If a woman walked bare-footed on the sharp edge of a sword, she would not undergo one-tenth of the agony daily borne by thousands of women without complaint. They suffer greater misery and pain than could be inflicted by all the professional torturers that the world ever knew. Day and night they suffer from head aches, dragging down and burning sensations, pains in the sides and back, hot and cold flushes, nervous tremblings, nervousness and physical lassitude and mental despondency. The whole body is tortured with pain and the entire nervous system is racked. If they consult the average obscure physician, he will attribute their bad feelings to stomach, liver, kidney, heart or nervous trouble. If, by accident, he hits upon the right cause, he will insist upon the disgusting examinations and local treatment so embarrassing to a sensitive, modest woman.

The real trouble is weakness or disease of the delicate and important organs that bear the burdens of maternity. There is no necessity for examinations or local treatment. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures all disorders of this nature in the privacy of the home. It acts directly on the sensitive organs concerned, making them strong and well. It allays inflammation, heals ulceration, soothes pain and tones and builds up the nerves. It stops exhausting drains. It banishes the discomforts of the expectant months, and makes baby's coming easy and almost painless. It restores the beauty and vivacity lost through long months or years of pain and suffering. Thousands of women have testified to its marvelous merits. At all medicine stores. Avoid substitutes. Write to Dr. J. C. Pierce, Littlefield, N. Y.

To cover mailing only, send 21 one-cent stamps for paper-covered copy, or 31 for cloth-bound copy, of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. Address, Doctor J. C. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

the sick who should have had better attention at the proper time. Surgeon General Sternberg in reply insisted that all requisitions had been honored in Washington, and that any medical men failing to do their duty should be reported.

General Waites told Secretary Alger that the neglect of some quartermasters to furnish supplies was criminal. While in Chickamauga he frequently made requisitions [which were not honored. An imperative order had been sent to have all water boiled. He had made a requisition on Quartermaster General Lee for water boilers. No attention was paid to the requisition and after he repeatedly urged Quartermaster General Lee to send the boilers and telling him how the men were contracting typhoid fever, he was met with a reply which read:

"The war department does not furnish boilers." General Waites then purchased the boilers himself, but the seeds of typhoid fever had been sown, and the daily report showed the list of deaths and of cases in the hospitals. Pointing at Quartermaster Ludington, General Waites said: "These men cannot say it was somebody else's fault. It was the fault of Quartermaster Lee and it was the fault of Quartermaster Ludington, who is standing right there." Ludington made no reply to Waites, as Sternberg had done to Sanger.

## Boilers Were Furnished.

Washington, Sept. 22.—The quartermaster's department of the army states that the claim made by certain officers that boilers were not furnished for boiling water at Chickamauga is not true. On the same date that Chief Quartermaster Lee telegraphed for the boilers 2,000 were sent and a little later 500 more. It is also stated that the soldiers would not drink the boiled water because it had a flat taste and preferred and drank fresh water.

## ALGER AT CAMP POLAND.

General McKee Congratulated on the Condition of His Camp and Men.

Knoxville, Sept. 22.—The secretary of war, who yesterday inspected Camp Poland and reviewed the enlisted men camped there, made a speech to the commanding officers at General McKee's headquarters, in which he fixed the blame for the sickness in the different camps throughout the country on the commanding officers.

Secretary Alger went from the depot direct to the camp and, accompanied by his staff and the officers of the camp, all on horseback, rode over the drill field and inspected the troops. He then reviewed the grand parade arranged in his honor.

He next visited the hospitals and regimental quarters and made a thorough inspection of the condition of the camp and men. General Alger congratulated General McKee on the splendid condition of his camp and of the troops.

In his speech to the commanding officers, Secretary Alger said:

"I came here to visit this camp for the purpose of acquainting myself with the conditions and to see for myself just how the troops are faring and to hear from the officers any recommendations that they may think will benefit the troops."

"I want to hear what the commanders have to say about division hospitals and regimental hospitals, more especially. There has been a great deal of talk about the conditions of the camp hospitals."

"I want to say that had the war department been acquainted with the conditions said to have existed at Chickamauga the troops there would have been moved long before they were."

"We received only good reports at Washington from the commanding officers and it was supposed that the outside reports were exaggerated."

"The commanders of camps are responsible for the condition of their camps and if the men are not well cared for, and if the hospital and sanitary conditions are bad, the commanding officer must answer for it."

"The war department has been and is ready to supply the demands of the troops for medicines and sustenance and there is no reason why conditions other than the best possible should exist."

## SICK FROM SIBONEY.

Two Transports Arrive at Montauk With Invalid Soldiers.

Camp Wikoff, Sept. 22.—The Seguranc arrived here unexpectedly yesterday with sick troops from Siboney. In fact her arrival was a surprise, and still greater was the surprise when the Mexican steamed in a few hours later with more sick from Siboney and Santiago.

When the Vigilance reached here a couple of weeks ago she reported that she brought the last of the sick from Siboney and Santiago. When the Seguranc came she made the same announcement, and four hours later the Mexico had likewise.

The Mexico had on board 76 men of Troop M, Tenth Cavalry, and 18 sick, none with contagious diseases, and all likely to recover.

## FOR DEWEY.

Navy Department Orders Four Hundred Sailors Sent to the Amazon.

Washington, Sept. 22.—The navy department has ordered 400 sailors to be sent to Admiral Dewey's squadron at Manila. The men will be sent from San Francisco on a merchant steamer. It is the purpose of the department to gather most of the men from the Pacific coast, but orders have been given to Lieutenant Commander Vail, in charge of the permanent naval recruiting station in Chicago, to recruit 110 of the sailors there.

## General Garcia Coming.

Washington, Sept. 22.—It is expected by members of the Cuban delegation here that General Calixto Garcia, second in command of the Cuban forces during the war, will come to this country in the course of the next two weeks.



visiting New York, Baltimore and Washington. His coming is looked forward to with much interest, in view of the prominent part he took in the military operations around Santiago and the unfortunate clash between him and General Shafter following the surrender of the city.

## Laid to Rest in Arlington.

Washington, Sept. 22.—The remains of Captain Allyn Capron, one of the notable figures of the Santiago campaign, and father of Captain Allyn K. Capron of the Rough Riders, who fell in the first battle of the war, were buried at Arlington National cemetery yesterday, with military honors. The funeral was attended by a large number of prominent army officers including Major General Miles and members of his staff.

## Colonel Bryan.

Washington, Sept. 22.—Colonel William Jennings Bryan, Third Nebraska volunteers, reached Washington last night from Jacksonville, Fla. Colonel Bryan's uniform looked as immaculate as if he had just stepped from his tailor's establishment. "Colonel Bryan, Jacksonville dispatches say that you are likely to resign your commission," was suggested to him. "Really, I cannot discuss that matter now," he replied.

## Decided Improvement.

Washington, Sept. 22.—General Lawton's report of the health conditions of the American troops at Santiago last night indicates a distinct improvement. The number of sick has been reduced more than 400 during the past two days and only one death is reported.

## Started an Endless Chain.

Binghamton, N. Y., Sept. 22.—George E. Green, president of the Commercial Travelers' Home Association of America, has started a 10-cent endless chain of letters for the purpose of raising money to complete the home, the cornerstone of which was laid on South Mountain, in this city, Oct. 9, 1894.

## THE MARKETS.

Prevailing Prices For Grain, Cattle and Provisions on Sept. 21.

Indianapolis. WHEAT—Strong, No. 2 red, 69 1/2c. CORN—Firm; No. 2 mixed, 29 1/2c. OATS—Firm; No. 2 mixed, 23 1/2c. CATTLE—Steady at \$3.00 to \$3.50. HOGS—Steady at \$3.00 to \$3.50. SHEEP—Active at \$2.00 to \$2.50. LAMBS—Active at \$3.00 to \$3.50.

Chicago Grain and Provisions. WHEAT—Dec. opened 69 1/2c, closed 69 1/2c. MAY opened 69 1/2c, closed 69 1/2c. OATS—Dec. opened 29 1/2c, closed 29 1/2c. MAY opened 29 1/2c, closed 29 1/2c. PORK—Oct. opened \$8.25, closed \$8.10. DEC. opened \$8.25, closed \$8.10. LARD—Oct. opened \$1.70, closed \$1.67. DEC. opened \$1.70, closed \$1.67. BUTTER—Oct. opened \$1.45, closed \$1.45. DEC. opened \$1.45, closed \$1.45.

Cincinnati Grain and Livestock. WHEAT—Firm; No. 2 red, 70c. CORN—Firm; No. 2 mixed, 31c. OATS—Firm; No. 2 mixed, 24c. CATTLE—Lower at \$1.60 to \$1.85. HOGS—Easy at \$3.00 to \$3.15. SHEEP—Steady at \$2.00 to \$2.15. LAMBS—Steady at \$3.00 to \$3.50.

Toledo Grain. WHEAT—Dull; No. 2 cash, 69 1/2c. CORN—Dull; No. 2 mixed, 30 1/2c. OATS—Dull; No. 2 mixed, 21c.

## NOTES OF TWO STATES.

An epidemic of typhoid fever is raging in Madison county, Ky.

Samuel Holmes, aged 19, was kicked to death by a mule at Richmond, Ky.

M. H. Lamson of Butler, Ind., who stepped on a rusty nail some time ago, is dead of lockjaw.

Miss Grace Steffy of Fort Wayne, was badly burned by exploding sealing wax while canning fruit.

Thirty cases of diphtheria have been reported to the health board at Washington, Ind., with three deaths.

The Thirty-fourth Indiana Regimental association will hold a reunion at Frankton, Ind., on Oct. 18.

The defense in the Schenckberger poisoning case at Frankfort, Ind., is alleged, will be insanity.

George Michael of Silver Lake, Ind., has grown 19 pumpkins, the aggregate weight of which is 450 pounds.

The infant child of Theodore Eckert of Jasper, Ind., fell into a bucket and was drowned in three inches of water.

William Hayes of Laurel, Ind., participated in a quarrel between Dennis and Carry Kelley, and was stabbed by Dennis.

The beet sugar interests of Indiana have held a meeting and decided to ask the legislature to pay a bounty to beet growers.

The curfew ordinance at Fort Wayne is peculiar, inasmuch as any adult citizen is authorized to arrest any truant children violating its provisions.

Wagon loaded with wheat, drawn by a pair of mules, belonging to J. D. Chestnut of near Lancaster, Ky., was thrown over a 75-foot precipice into Dix river. The team was killed and the driver had a narrow escape with his life.

## TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

## BLANCO'S ADVISERS

Considering Questions That Will Arise at the Peace Conference.

## COLONIAL CABINET VIEWS

Solicited by the Madrid Government on Many Points That Will Be Discussed. American Evacuation Commissioners Noncommunicative—Terrible Death Roll in Matanzas.

Havana, Sept. 22.—The colonial cabinet held a session, presided over by Captain General Blanco, to treat of matters pertaining to the evacuation of the island and to examine into and approve of the decisions of the supreme court in answer to questions which will arise at the Paris peace conference. The colonial government's judgment and opinion will extend to matters of grave importance, such as the administration of justice, civil rights, citizenship rights, international relations, territorial rights, the public debt and internal debt of the colony, university and professional titles, industrial and intellectual rights, liberty of the army, commerce and tariff regulations and other subjects equally vital.

The colonial cabinet has been furnished with a list of the questions which will arise and the answers to be given, as decided upon at Madrid. Its advice was solicited on these different points and it is understood the answers are fully approved by it.

Important documents will be taken to Paris by Dr. Congosto, secretary general of Cuba, who will sail for Europe via New York on Saturday next.

The American commissioners have not yet answered the communication sent them by the Spanish commission regarding the evacuation of the island. Admiral Sampson, when approached on the subject of the date for the final evacuation proposed by the Spaniards, and asked whether or not it was true that objection would be made to the embarkation of the Spanish troops taking until the end of February, and whether a protest or any answer had been made to the note of the Spanish commissioners, replied that he knew nothing about the matter. Such is the reserve with which our commissioners are clothed.

Robert P. Porter, who is in Cuba on a special mission from the United States government in relation to the financial and economic aspects of the situation, intends to visit Trinidad before returning home. Since leaving Havana for Cienfuegos week before last, Mr. Porter has been assiduously gathering material for a full report to President McKinley relating to tariff regulations, port charges, internal taxation and other sources of income to the island.

Advices from Matanzas state that between Jan. 1, last, and Sept. 15 there were reported 331 births and 3,901 deaths. Of the latter 50 per cent were due to hunger and distress.

These advices also report that the body of a white man, who had died from hunger, was found lying in San Sebastian street, opposite the Matanzas railway station yesterday morning where it was allowed to lay. The conditions at Matanzas continue deplorable. The announcement is made that the Matanzas Railway company will soon rebuild its stations at Golpi, Rabal, Pare, Carrillo, Podrozo, Crimea and Murga, which were destroyed during the year, and that, beginning Oct. 1 it intends to run two trains daily from either end of the line, thus resuming the operation of the road as it was before the war.

## YELLOW FEVER.

Reports From Various Points in the South Regarding the Disease.

Louisville, Sept. 22.—Following is a recapitulation of the yellow fever situation made up from reports received from the far south last night: One new case at New Orleans; one death at Oxford, Miss., where it is reported that exposure to the infection had been general, with five cases of yellow fever now under treatment. There is one new case at Orwood, Miss., and three at Taylor's Station.

## Fairs Calls on the President.

Washington, Sept. 22.—Representatives C. W. Stone and Farris were among the president's callers. Mr. Farris talked with him briefly concerning the conduct of the approaching campaign.

## WIRE TICKS.

Captain C. A. Worden of the Seventh Infantry is dead at Fort Logan, Colo.

Exposition Commissioner Peck and staff have placed a gold wreath on the tomb of Lafayette at Paris.

The report that M. Cambon, the French minister, is to be transferred to Vienna is not believed in Washington.

The American Tobacco company (the trust) has bought the Brown Tobacco company's plant at St. Louis for \$1,250,000.

A Peking dispatch says the empress dowager has recovered her ascendancy over the emperor and that the latter is now practically in a state of tutelage.

The G. A. R. post at Narragansett Pier, R. I., furnished an escort for the remains of Miss Winnie Davis from the hotel to the railway station at Narragansett Pier.

The governor of Sierra Leone has offered a reward of £19 for the conviction of the perpetrators of the murder of the American missionaries at Rotofunk and Tama last May.

## INTO THE MINES

Catholic Church at Audenreid, Pa., Is Slowly Sinking.

Hazleton, Pa., Sept. 22.—St. Patrick's church at Audenreid is slowly sinking into the mines and abandonment of the property probably will be necessary. For the past 10 hours the ground has been settling and the southern wing of the church is almost entirely torn away, the main building being supported only by two badly twisted pillars. Father Malloy has ordered the removal of everything from the church and it is thought that the building will be unfit for use again. The cause of the cave-in is a sudden rush of coal in a gangway running beneath four large pillars of coal in a breast directly under the building. The church is valued at \$8,000. Large fissures have appeared in the territory surrounding the church, but thus far no other properties are affected.

## LEXINGTON RACES

Only a Small Attendance Notwithstanding the Good Weather.

Lexington, Ky., Sept. 22.—Small crowd, but a good track and fine weather, yesterday. The following events took place:

First race—Eleven-sixteenths of a mile. Elsinu, won; Dudley E. second; Ben O'Fallon, third. Time, 1:50 1/4. Second race—Five furlongs. Spreo, won; Charlie O. second; Will Williamson, third. Time, 1:04 1/4. Third race—Six furlongs. Dad Steele, won; Star of Bethlehem, second; Ada Russell, third. Time, 1:16 1/4. Fourth race—Seven furlongs. Scottie D. won; Padrone, second; Frank Griffin, third. Time, 1:30 1/4.

## WERE TAYLOR'S MEN

Meeting of National Association of Mexican War Veterans.

Louisville, Sept. 22.—The National Association of Mexican War Veterans convened here yesterday. About 150 white-haired heroes who fought under Zachary Taylor are in attendance. The reunion will end this evening with a banquet at Fountain Ferry park. The sessions were held in the city hall, and the business has been varied by many entertainments. Officers will be elected this afternoon. The retiring officers served several years. They are: President, Major S. P. Taft, Centralia, Ill.; vice president, General E. H. Hobson, Greenville, Ky.; secretary, Wilbur Smith, Lexington, Ky.; marshal, Samuel McFadden, Logansport, Ind.

## GOVERNOR PINGREE

Renominated by Michigan Republicans and His Reform Ideas Commended.

Detroit, Sept. 22.—Governor Pingree was unanimously renominated by acclamation yesterday afternoon by the Republican state convention. His reform ideas and efforts toward regulating alleged inequalities of taxation were heartily commended in the platform adopted, and many members of his party who have heretofore not been in accord with the governor joined in the cheering when he appeared and made a characteristic speech of acceptance.

## Shot in His Doorway.

Corbin, Ky., Sept. 22.—Lige Carr, living in the edge of town, was called to his door by Will Mitchell, who fired on him with a shotgun loaded with buckshot. Two of the shot took effect, one in the left jaw, just missing the jugular vein, the other in the left shoulder. The affair was the result of an old grudge. Mitchell has not yet been arrested.

## Queen of the Carnival.

San Francisco, Sept. 22.—Among the passengers on the steamer Alameda from Hilo was Miss Anna Rose, some times called "The Rose of Hilo." Miss Rose is enroute to Topeka, where she is to act as queen of the carnival to be held there. A reception will be given her before she departs for the east by former residents of Kansas.

## Esterhazy in London in Disguise.

London, Sept. 22.—The Daily News says the Comte Esterhazy has been sojourning in London in the guise of an Italian count. In the course of the interview Comte Esterhazy said he had constantly passed the detectives detailed to watch him while in Paris in his present disguise and that nobody had recognized him.

## Fears Hydrophobia.

Hagerstown, Ind., Sept. 22.—C. T. Wright, a prominent citizen, well known over the state as an undertaker, was bitten several days ago by pet dog, which has since exhibited symptoms of hydrophobia. Mr. Wright has gone to the Pasteur Institute at Chicago for treatment.

## National German Baptist.

St. Louis, Sept. 22.—The 12th triennial conference of the National German Baptist association has begun at the First German church. The association represents 240 churches, and there are 200 delegates present from all parts of the United States.

## BASEBALL.

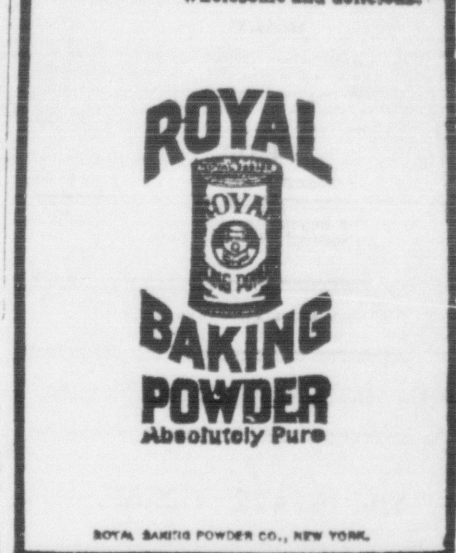
Standing of the Clubs. NATIONAL LEAGUE.

CLUBS.	W.	L.	PCT.
Boston	37	44	.458
Baltimore	33	48	.406
Birmingham	32	49	.396
Cincinnati	24	56	.296
Cleveland	28	52	.346
Chicago	28	52	.346
St. Louis	20	60	.250

National League. CLUBS. PITCHERS. H. R. E.

CLUBS.	PITCHERS.	H.	R.	E.
Boston	Nichols	7	1	1
Baltimore	Hart	3	1	1
Birmingham	Mercer, Sutcliffe	3	0	7
Cincinnati	Dammann	15	0	0
Cleveland	Dunn	3	0	4
Chicago	Sullivan	7	1	3
St. Louis	McJames	3	1	1
Philadelphia	Griffith	1	7	3
Cleveland	Platt	12	3	3
New York	Powell	1	8	8
Louisville	Ruse	9	18	4
New York	Cunningham	14	9	4

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## 1898 September, 1899

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				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

## BOTH INDICTED.

Professor J. W. McClure and Rev. Gregory Doyle.



# Daily Republican.

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THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 22 1898.

## THE STATE TICKET.

Secretary of State,  
UNION BANNER HUNT,  
Randolph County.

Auditor of State,  
W. E. HART,  
Clinton County.

Treasurer of State,  
LEOPOLD LEVY,  
Huntington County.

Attorney General,  
WILLIAM L. TAYLOR,  
Marion County.

Clerk of Supreme Court,  
ROBERT A. BROWN,  
Johnson County.

Superintendent of Public Instruction,  
FRANK L. JONES,  
Tipton County.

State Statistician,  
JOHN D. CONNER,  
Marion County.

State Geologist,  
WILLIS S. BLATONER,  
Vigo County.

Judges of Supreme Court,  
Second District,  
ALEXANDER DOWLING,  
Floyd County.

Third District,  
J. V. HADLEY,  
Hendricks County.

Fifth District,  
FRANCIS E. BAKER,  
Elkhart County.

## THE TICKET.

For Representative,  
JAMES MARSH.

For Clerk,  
JAMES W. LEWIS.

For Auditor,  
ASBURY MANUEL.

For Recorder,  
HENRY F. BRUNING.

For Sheriff,  
JOSEPHUS GOSS.

For Coroner,  
A. M. VEAZEY.

For Surveyor,  
SAMUEL CARR.

For Commissioner 1st District,  
EZRA WHITCOMB.

The Columbus Herald, of financial flip-flop fame, takes us to task because we are working for the triumph of the citizens' ticket in Jackson county. But from what we know of the situation in Bartholomew county, the Herald will have all it can do to take care of itself during the next six weeks.

The ringsters' organ No. 1 admits incidentally that the official ring has been in existence a long time, and it might have added that it wants to hold on. It also says that if the citizens' ticket succeeds, there will be some "reformatory and revelations" follow. Of course there will be and they will be in the interest of the taxpayers of the county, too.

The official ringsters of Jackson county are beginning to realize that their high handed and arbitrary methods are not sanctioned by the citizens and taxpayers generally of the county. The citizens' convention was an eye opener and the superior strength of the ticket nominated is a disappointment to them that they cannot conceal. So many citizens from all parts of the county regardless of party openly declaring themselves against the methods employed by a few office holders and political bosses to control nominating conventions and thereby perpetuate themselves in office for long terms and dictate their own successors means much, and the ringsters know it. The fact that the taxpayers are putting their own interests above the interests of this ring is what troubles the ringsters. They see the handwriting on the wall and know that their days of exclusive supremacy in Jackson county are numbered. The will of the taxpayers will prevail on election day, which means the triumph of the citizens ticket.

## POLITICAL BREVITIES.

A. H. Manuel, candidate for auditor on the citizens ticket is in the city today.

Major Chas. W. Lee, our candidate for Congress, was here yesterday evening shaking hands with friends.

Hon. Robert J. Tracewell will return from Washington to make some speeches in Indiana during the campaign.

Governor Pingree has been renominated by the republicans of Michigan and will lead the republican hosts in that state another campaign.

The republican chairmen of Jackson, Orange and Washington counties have called a delegate convention to meet at Orleans, Monday, Oct. 3, to nominate a candidate for prosecuting attorney.

When the ringsters held their primary a few months ago it is said that the publisher of the News refused to go to the polls and vote. He didn't love them then.

## The Appellate Case.

The appeal case of the Democratic nominees for the alleged vacancies on the Appellate bench was filed yesterday with the clerk of the Supreme Court for trial. As soon as the case was formally filed the attorneys immediately withdrew it from the files. Briefs reciting the facts in the case from the standpoint of the appellants were submitted, with a petition asking for an advancement of the case to trial, so that a decision can be rendered in time for the elections this year.

Certain prominent officials interested in the case say that there is no doubt but what the law is plainly against the appellants, who in their minds are working on a forlorn hope of having it sent before Judges Hackney, McCaule and Howard, who are now Democratic candidates for re-election to the Supreme bench, in the hope that they can be bulldozed into a favorable decision. It is thought that even this measure will fail, as there is a conviction that most of these men are too courageous to allow themselves to be whipped into line after this fashion. It is thought by the attorney general that the case will be among the first to be tried before the Supreme Court this session.

## Coughed 25 Years.

I suffered for 25 years with a cough, and spent hundreds of dollars with doctors and for medicine to no avail until I used Dr. Bell's Pina-Tar-Honey. This remedy makes weak lungs strong. It has saved my life.—J. B. Rossell, Grantsburg, Ill.

## RAILROAD RUMBLE-OS.

Brakeman Peter Sheron is very sick with typhoid fever.

The inspection crew on the J. M. & I. came here today from Indianapolis. E. T. Clark came up today from Washington to brake on the B. & O. S. W. He will move his family here as soon as he can get a house.

Thomas Lester, of the B. & O. S. W., and wife, of Hamden, O., came down to the city last night to visit their former home and friends.

The third 98 through freight broke in two near North Vernon last night and the sections ran together with such force as to smash the cars.

Engineer Wm. Chambers moved his family here last night from Washington and they will occupy the Able property on Brown street.

No. 10, mail and express on the J. M. & I. was slightly wrecked just south of Indianapolis this morning and the sleeper disfigured and the steps torn off.

## Give the Children a Drink

Called Grain-O. It is a delicious, appetizing, nourishing food drink to take the place of coffee. Sold by all grocers and liked by all who have used it because when properly prepared it tastes like the finest coffee but is free from all its injurious properties. Grain-O aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. It is not a stimulant but a health builder and children, as well as adults, can drink it with great benefit. Cost about much as coffee. 15 and 25c.

## Bucklen's Aint a Salve

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever sores, Tetters, Chapped hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions. Positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per bottle. For sale by W. F. Peter.

# ANOTHER CHAPTER OF HORRORS

## THIS ONE RELATES TO THE WAR BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND MEXICO.

### History Records a Startling Array of Proved Charges Against Democratic Incompetency and Mismanagement.

*We condemn in unstinted measure the war department for the blunders and crimes committed against the brave boys in blue in camp and on foreign battlefields by selfish contractors, incompetent surgeons and vain, heartless army officers appointed for political purposes. We hereby pledge to our brave sailors and soldiers who survive this war our earnest and loyal support to secure the punishment of the guilty parties. — Wisconsin Democratic Platform.*

The war with Mexico was conducted by a Democratic administration to extend slavery; the war with Spain was conducted by a Republican administration to free millions from the tyranny, inhumanity and barbarity of a power that holds fast to the tortures of the middle ages; the great war against secession was conducted by a Republican administration to make the union of the United States perpetual and to give freedom to millions of slaves. The latter cost hundreds of thousands of lives, about 18 per cent of the total enlistment for the northern armies. While the nation sincerely mourns such a vast expenditure, it rejoices in the benefits it brought and the mighty progress the country has made through them.

It is too early to figure the percentage of loss in life of the second great and wonderfully successful effort to strike the shackles from the oppressed, but it is safe to say that it will not be 3 per cent. The civil war called for in all 2,778,304 men. Of these 380,232 died of disease or wounds, or were killed in battle. In the recent Spanish war there were between 275,000 and 280,000 American volunteers, and so far the best estimates of deaths from all causes do not reach 3,000. That is what to secure freedom has cost the United States during the last 55 years.

In the Mexican war, from May, 1846, to April, 1848, the whole number of volunteers mustered into the United States service was 71,309, of whom only 58,926 were accepted. Altogether, including noncombatants, there were not more than 100,000 Americans engaged in active service against Mexico. The loss of life through battle and disease reached the enormous number, for so small an army, of 25,000, or 25 per cent. That is what the country had to sacrifice so that negro slavery in the land of boasted freedom might have more territory to blight with its horrors. That frightful sacrifice was made by a Democratic administration solely for Democratic purposes and Democratic slaveholders. James K. Polk was president and William L. Marcy, secretary of war. Thus we have a mathematical setting forth like this:

Cost of freedom, civil war .....	13 per cent
Cost of freedom, Spanish war .....	3 per cent
Cost of slavery, Mexican war .....	25 per cent
Excess of cost of slavery over civil war .....	12 per cent
Excess of cost of slavery over Spanish war .....	22 per cent
Excess of cost of slavery over both wars .....	9 per cent

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"About noon we arrived in Pittsburg. We formed in line and marched to the wharf, where we were quartered in one of the large warehouses. It was the 15th of December and the weather was very cold, but we had no stoves or any place to make a fire. In a day or two we were marched to the American hotel to be paid off. Each soldier received \$21, less \$5.50 for expenses incurred on our way to Pittsburg. Ten cents would have paid for all we got, for everything was given to the soldiers by citizens along the way. This caused considerable fuss, as there seemed to be no account given of the appropriation made for this express purpose."

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"This morning, as usual, the soldiers are cursing the officers and quartermasters for not furnishing us with enough to eat. It is, in fact, a perfect shame how the soldiers are treated in regard to provisions. If it was not for the little money the soldiers have, God knows how we would stand it. Nearly all of us go to New Orleans, stop at the St. Charles, and there eat, drink and make merry, thus neglecting to do their duty to the soldiers, who are lying here without half enough to eat."

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in remembrance of St. Jackson, always takes a double hitch in its trousers and exploits everything Democratic, while crying out calamity and death as the sequence of trust in every other political party. But here is the quotation: "This morning, instead of the scorching sun, it began to snow and rain, forming a pond of ice and water around our encampment. Ice and water ran into our tents, and, as the ground was low, all our quarters were overflowed. Tonight many soldiers hunted up slave huts and are sleeping with slaves, cursing the day they went soldiering. Our blankets and clothing are frozen stiff and hard. Every soldier is talking about bad treatment and hardships of soldier life."

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"Owing to the almost total interruption of communication between the main army in Mexico and the coast since early in June, the reports of the sick and wounded have not been received from the medical officers with that army for the last two quarters. It is quite probable also that their laborious duties in relieving the wounded and administering to their comfort, left them but little time to make out in due season their quarterly reports. For these and other causes, I regret it is impossible to present with this report the usual consolidated report of the sick and wounded of the army for the year ending Sept. 30 last."

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A writer of that time, A. A. Livermore, wrote in his "Consequences of the Mexican War," the following description of conditions which the secretary of war and surgeon general refused to make known to the public:

"Fever, vomit, dysentery, erysipelas and other diseases of virulence, far more perish in the hospitals than in the field. The deaths at the City of Mexico among the American soldiery averaged 1,000 a month for a considerable time after they occupied the 'halls of the Montezumas' and 900 or 400 a month afterward. The wounded very generally died of the effect of the climate and the access of sickness. The fact, too, that so large a portion of the troops were raw volunteers, wholly unused to a soldier's life and often unwilling to submit to the necessary sanitary regulations of the army, accounts in part for almost incredible expenditures of life."

As early in the war as September, 1846, General Taylor began to call the attention of the war department to the frightful loss his troops were having by disease. On the 3d of the month and year named he wrote from Camargo:

"There has been great sickness and mortality in the volunteer regiments."

He repeated the warning at Saltillo and from both Mier and Buena Vista.

Aug. 4, 1847, sent the appalling information to Washington that:

"Twenty-five per cent of my troops are disabled by disease at this moment." The next year General Taylor was at

Fort Hudson, La., where he made a speech, in which he said:

"Of those who have died in active service in Mexico, the proportion of those cut down by disease to those who fell on the battlefield was five to one."

While disease ran riot in the army of Taylor as he marched and fought his way down from the Rio Grande, the route of General Scott from Vera Cruz to the City of Mexico was a pathway of death. When he reached Puebla June 4, 1847, he sent to Washington the astounding statement that:

"The effective strength of my army has been surprisingly reduced. We left in hospital at Vera Cruz 1,000, as many sick and wounded at Jalapa, 200 at Perote and at Puebla we have 1,017 in the hospital. This general sickness may be attributed to several causes, contrasts in climate, insufficiency of clothing and want of salt meats. The prevailing diseases are chills, fevers and diarrhoea."

Scott's loss by sickness and death up to the writing of this dispatch had been 25 per cent or more. He had left out of the army he started with from Vera Cruz only a few hundred more than 10,000 men. This was in June, and in the month following at Puebla alone 2,302 of his 10,000 were sick. Even in December, 1847, he had 2,041 sick in various hospitals, exclusive of those in the City of Mexico.

And yet this fearful history of a Democratic war to extend slavery is not at an end. Detail, a mere glimpse of it, makes the relation of this sacrifice more frightful. Out of 80 sappers and miners from West Point, who went with Scott, only 24 returned. The rest were left in graves in Mexico.

In one year the Ninth infantry lost 625 out of 730.

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The First Tennessee had 1,000 to begin with, but it lost at the rate of 50 a month.

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Out of 400 Georgians 40 were left fit for duty in the City of Mexico.

General Pierce's New Hampshire regiment when it reached the Mexican capital had only 120 out of 548 that could be of any service.

Colonel Baker had in his Illinois regiment 830 men to begin with. He lost 100 in six months in the Rio Grande valley. In addition 200 were dismissed to die by the way or find their way home with constitutions broken down. This was the Colonel Baker who was afterward in congress and was killed at Ball's Bluff in the civil war. While in congress he said on the floor of the house, when the Mexican war was under debate, that:

"Two thousand young men, in whose veins flowed some of the best blood of the country, who had never seen the face of the enemy, were resting in the mould on the banks of the Rio Grande."

That is, Taylor lost 2,000 men by disease before he reached the enemy's country.

Again Colonel Baker said in congress when arraigning the inefficiency, incompetency and neglect of the medical staff: "Out of 18,000 volunteers of June and July, 1846, 7,000 or 30 per cent, are already dead and gone. In a single hospital at New Orleans there were 650 sick soldiers at one time."

The January preceding the request of the secretary of war for more surgeons, and the surgeon general's admission that he could give no statement as to the sick and wounded in hospitals, or of those killed in battle or who had died from disease, congress demanded a report from the adjutant general of the army. Feb. 4, 1847, he reported that within 60 days up to that date out of the volunteers there had been:

Desertions .....	331
Killed in battle .....	71
Died of disease .....	625
Discharged on account of disease .....	3,000

So great was the bitterness against the administration that a writer of the time, the same Mr. Livermore from whom quotation was made above, in estimating the loss of life on both sides at the lowest figure of 40,000, said:

"This immense loss of human life, with all its attendant evils and woes and pains, is chargeable upon the authors and abettors of this tremendous system of legalized murder."

The transporting of the sick and wounded home was most horrifying. It was a time of terrible mistreatment of men, who innocently enlisted to serve their country, but were called upon to fight that slavery might live under the perpetual rule of the Democratic party. One voyage home of the transport Virginia was a type of that service. This voyage was made in 1846, and a writer described it as follows:

"Half of the men on the Virginia were wounded or sick, some having lost their legs, others their arms, others being wounded in arms and legs. With all those wounded, sick and dying men not a surgeon or a nurse was sent along to attend to them, not a particle of medicine, not a patch of a linen for dressing a wound. This is the usual manner of sending home the wounded and sick, sending them like old horses tired out to die."

Here is a glance at one of the hospitals of that dreadful war. It is given by an officer, who, writing home from Matamoros, said: "A man gets sick and is carried to the hospital with his blanket and knapsack. Bed and bedding there are none, and bedsteads or cots are not to be had. A blanket and the ground are therefore the couch upon which the volunteer lies sick and



## Praise From Those That Know

What fine laundry work is, is where we receive encomiums, and which we value. When the old time housekeeper tells you that our perfectly laundered linen is a marvel to her, as is the manner our fine domestic finish is laid on shirt front, collar or cuff, you know that it is up-to-date and beyond competition.

## Seymour Steam Laundry,

TIPTON STREET,

TELEPHONE 23

# IT LEADS THE FIELD!

## THE SEYMOUR

# REPUBLICAN.

## DAILY AND WEEKLY.

Has the largest daily and weekly circulation in Jackson county. It is recognized as the best advertising medium.

# OUR JOB DEPARTMENT

Turns Out Only First-Class Work.

## Agency of C. A. Calmarsh

ESTABLISHED in 1892.

Real Estate Handled to advantage and Money Loaned on Best Security Cash Needed to Supply Applicants for Loans. Money Lenders call when placing loans. The Leading Fire Insurance Agency in City. Equitable Life Assurance Society. Best in World. Travelers Accident Insurance Co. The Leader, Fidelity and Casualty Co. In all Departments. Plate Glass Insurance. P. O. Building, Seymour, Ind.

dies, if he does not recover. If he dies, he is buried with only his blanket around him."

Another writer, a visiting editor, described the hospitals as follows:

"They are places of overwhelming squalor, want and misery. They have no parallel except in Canadian emigrant sheds. Their conditions are outrageously offensive to every human sense, physical and moral."

Still another wrote: "The sick receive no attention. All are broken, many are destitute and individual charity and help from friends constitute their only succor."

To crown this infamy of neglect and cruelty, when these poor wrecks were discharged from the hospitals they were allowed only 20 cents a day for transportation and subsistence in reaching home. All this is what the volunteers of the country got for serving in a Democratic war.

## W. F. Pfaffenberger.

DEALER IN

## BOOTS and SHOES

Seymour, Ind.

# Fall Goods Arriving Daily

JUST FOR A HUMMER: 30 dozen Men's 60c and 75c white unlaundried pleated front shirts go at 8c, all sizes, 12 to 18. Come early while assortment is complete at

## The Klondike, Clothing and Shoe Store,

WM. E. DEHLER Manager,  
41 S. Chestnut St

A complete line of Ladies Gents and Children's Shoes in all Styles and Prices. Also a full line of Clothing, Hats and Gents Furnishing Goods. Come and see us. We will compare Quality and Prices with any firm in Southern Indiana. Keep your eyes on this space, it will pay you.



## Daily Republican.

JAY C. SMITH, } Editors and Publishers.  
Edw. A. Remy, }

OFFICIAL PAPER OF SEYMOUR.

DAILY.

One Year ..... \$5.00  
Six Months ..... 2.50  
Three Months ..... 1.45  
One Month ..... .45  
One Week ..... .10

WEEKLY.

One Year in Advance ..... \$1.00

Entered at the Seymour, Indiana, Postoffice as Second-class Matter.

Telephone No. 42

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 22 1898.

### THE STATE TICKET.

Secretary of State,  
UNION BANNER HUNT,  
Randolph County.

Auditor of State,  
W. H. HART,  
Clinton County.

Treasurer of State,  
LEOPOLD LEVY,  
Huntington County.

Attorney General,  
WILLIAM L. TAYLOR,  
Marion County.

Clerk of Supreme Court,  
ROBERT A. BROWN,  
Johnson County.

Superintendent of Public Instruction,  
FRANK L. JONES,  
Tipton County.

State Statistician,  
JOHN B. CONNER,  
Marion County.

State Geologist,  
WILLIS S. BLATONER,  
Vigo County.

Judges of Supreme Court,  
Second District,  
ALEXANDER DOWLING,  
Floyd County.

Third District,  
J. V. RADLEY,  
Hendricks County.

Fifth District,  
FRANCIS E. BAKER,  
Elkhart County.

### THE TICKET.

For Representative,  
JAMES MARSH.

For Clerk,  
JAMES W. LEWIS.

For Auditor,  
ASBURY MANUEL.

For Recorder,  
HENRY F. BRUNING.

For Sheriff,  
JOSEPHUS GOSS.

For Coroner,  
A. M. VEAZEY.

For Surveyor,  
SAMUEL CARR.

For Commissioner 1st District,  
EZRA WHITCOMB.

The Columbus Herald, of financial flip-flop fame, takes us to task because we are working for the triumph of the citizens' ticket in Jackson county. But from what we know of the situation in Bartholomew county, the Herald will have all it can do to take care of itself during the next six weeks.

The ringsters' organ No. 1 admits incidentally that the official ring has been in existence a long time, and it might have added that it wants to hold on. It also says that if the citizens' ticket succeeds, there will be some "reformatory and revelations" follow. Of course there will be and they will be in the interest of the taxpayers of the county, too.

The official ringsters of Jackson county are beginning to realize that their high handed and arbitrary methods are not sanctioned by the citizens and taxpayers generally of the county. The citizens convention was an eye opener and the superior strength of the ticket nominated is a disappointment to them that they cannot conceal. So many citizens from all parts of the county regardless of party openly declaring themselves against the methods employed by a few office holders and political bosses to control nominating conventions and thereby perpetuate themselves in office for long terms and dictate their own successors' means much, and the ringsters know it. The fact that the taxpayers are putting their own interests above the interests of this ring is what troubles the ringsters. They see the handwriting on the wall and know that their days of exclusive supremacy in Jackson county are numbered. The will of the taxpayers will prevail on election day, which means the triumph of the citizens' ticket.

### POLITICAL BREVITIES.

A. H. Manuel, candidate for auditor on the citizens ticket is in the city today.

Major Chas. W. Lee, our candidate for Congress, was here yesterday evening shaking hands with friends.

Hon. Robert J. Tracewell will return from Washington to make some speeches in Indiana during the campaign.

Governor Pingree has been renominated by the republicans of Michigan and will lead the republican hosts in that state another campaign.

The republican chairmen of Jackson, Orange and Washington counties have called a delegate convention to meet at Orleans, Monday, Oct. 3, to nominate a candidate for prosecuting attorney.

When the ringsters held their primary a few months ago it is said that the publisher of the News refused to go to the polls and vote. He didn't love them then.

### The Appellate Case.

The appeal case of the Democratic nominees for the alleged vacancies on the Appellate bench was filed yesterday with the clerk of the Supreme Court for trial. As soon as the case was formally filed the attorneys immediately withdrew it from the files. Briefs reciting the facts in the case from the standpoint of the appellants were submitted, with a petition asking for an advancement of the case to trial, so that a decision can be rendered in time for the elections this year.

Certain prominent officials interested in the case say that there is no doubt but what the law is plainly against the appellants, who in their minds are working on a forlorn hope of having it sent before Judges Hackney, McCauley and Howard, who are now Democratic candidates for re-election to the Supreme bench, in the hope that they can be bulldozed into a favorable decision. It is thought that even this measure will fail, as there is a conviction that most of these men are too courageous to allow themselves to be whipped into line after this fashion. It is thought by the attorney general that the case will be among the first to be tried before the Supreme Court this session.

### Coughed 25 Years.

I suffered for 25 years with a cough, and spent hundreds of dollars with doctors and for medicine to no avail until I used Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. This remedy makes weak lungs strong. It has saved my life.—J. B. Russell, Grantsburg, Ill.

### RAILROAD RUMBLINGS

Brakeman Peter Sheron is very sick with typhoid fever.

The inspection crew on the J. & M. I. came here today from Indianapolis. E. T. Clark came up today from Washington to brake on the B. & O. S. W. He will move his family here as soon as he can get a house.

Thomas Lester, of the B. & O. S. W., and wife, of Hamden, O., came down to the city last night to visit their former home and friends.

The third 98 through freight broke in two near North Vernon last night and the sections ran together with such force as to smash the cars.

Engineer Wm. Chambers moved his family here last night from Washington and they will occupy the Able property on Brown street.

No. 10, mail and express on the J. & M. I. was slightly wrecked just south of Indianapolis this morning and the sleeper disfigured and the steps torn off.

Give the Children a Drink Called Grain-O. It is a delicious, appetizing, nourishing food drink to take the place of coffee. Sold by all grocers and liked by all who have used it because when properly prepared it tastes like the finest coffee but is free from all its injurious properties. Grain-O aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. It is not a stimulant but a health builder and children, as well as adults, can drink it with great benefit. Costs about much as coffee. 15 and 25c.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever sores, Tetter, Clapped hands, Chilblain, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per bottle. For sale by W. F. Peiser.

## ANOTHER CHAPTER OF HORRORS

### THIS ONE RELATES TO THE WAR BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND MEXICO.

#### History Records a Startling Array of Proved Charges Against Democratic Incompetency and Mismanagement.

*We condemn in unstinted measure the war department for the blunders and crimes committed against the brave boys in blue in camp and on foreign battlefields by selfish contractors, incompetent surgeons and vain, heartless army officers appointed for political purposes. We hereby pledge to our brave sailors and soldiers who survive this war our earnest and loyal support to secure the punishment of the guilty parties. — Wisconsin Democratic Platform.*

The war with Mexico was conducted by a Democratic administration to extend slavery; the war with Spain was conducted by a Republican administration to free millions from the tyranny, inhumanity and barbarity of a power that holds fast to the tortures of the middle ages; the great war against secession was conducted by a Republican administration to make the union of the United States perpetual and to give freedom to millions of slaves. The latter cost hundreds of thousands of lives, about 13 per cent of the total enlistment for the northern armies. While the nation sincerely mourns such a vast expenditure, it rejoices in the benefits it brought and the mighty progress the country has made through them.

It is too early to figure the percentage of loss in life of the second great and wonderfully successful effort to strike the shackles from the oppressed, but it is safe to say that it will not be 3 per cent. The civil war called for in all 2,778,894 men. Of these 300,232 died of disease or wounds, or were killed in battle. In the recent Spanish war there were between 275,000 and 280,000 American volunteers, and so far the best estimates of deaths from all causes do not reach 3,000. That is what to secure freedom has cost the United States during the last 53 years.

In the Mexican war, from May, 1846, to April, 1848, the whole number of volunteers mustered into the United States service was 71,300, of whom only 58,926 were accepted. Altogether, including noncombatants, there were not more than 100,000 Americans engaged in active service against Mexico. The loss of life through battle and disease reached the enormous number, for so small an army, of 25,000, or 25 per cent. That is what the country had to sacrifice so that negro slavery in the land of boasted freedom might have more territory to blight with its horrors. That frightful sacrifice was made by a Democratic administration solely for Democratic purposes and Democratic slaveholders. James K. Polk was president and William L. Marcy, secretary of war. Thus we have a mathematical setting forth like this:

Cost of freedom, civil war	13 per cent
Cost of freedom, Spanish war	3 per cent
Cost of slavery, Mexican war	25 per cent
Excess of cost of slavery over civil war	12 per cent
Excess of cost of slavery over Spanish war	22 per cent
Excess of cost of slavery over both wars	9 per cent

The causes of this tremendous sacrifice to further enslave the negro began through the mismanagement and cruelty of the Democratic administration before the volunteers got south of the Ohio river. As an example, the following from a Pennsylvania regiment, will serve:

"About noon we arrived in Pittsburg. We formed in line and marched to the wharf, where we were quartered in one of the large warehouses. It was the 15th of December and the weather was very cold, but we had no stoves or any place to make a fire. In a day or two we were marched to the American hotel to be paid off. Each soldier received \$21, less \$5.50 for expenses incurred on our way to Pittsburg. Ten cents would have paid for all we got, for everything was given to the soldiers by citizens along the way. This caused considerable fuss, as there seemed to be no account given of the appropriation made for this express purpose."

Who was to blame for these soldiers' sufferings in the dead of winter without fire? Who was responsible for not accounting for the subsistence appropriation, but instead robbing each soldier of \$5.50 of his hard earned pay?

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"There has been great sickness and mortality in the volunteer regiments." He repeated the warning at Saltillo and from both Mier and Buena Vista, Aug. 4, 1847, sent the appalling information to Washington that:

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Out of 400 Georgians 40 were left fit for duty in the City of Mexico.

General Pierce's New Hampshire regiment when it reached the Mexican capital had only 120 out of 548 that could be of any service.

Colonel Baker had in his Illinois regiment 820 men to begin with. He lost 100 in six months in the Rio Grande valley. In addition 200 were dismissed to die by the way or find their way home with constitutions broken down. This was the Colonel Baker who was afterward in congress and was killed at Ball's Bluff in the civil war. While in congress he said on the floor of the house, when the Mexican war was under debate, that:

"Two thousand young men, in whose veins flowed some of the best blood of the country, who had never seen the face of the enemy, were resting in the mould on the banks of the Rio Grande."

That is, Taylor lost 2,000 men by disease before he reached the enemy's country.

Again Colonel Baker said in congress when arraigning the inefficiency, incompetency and neglect of the medical staff: "Out of 18,000 volunteers of June and July, 1846, 7,000 or 30 per cent are already dead and gone. In a single hospital at New Orleans there were 650 sick soldiers at one time."

The January preceding the request of the secretary of war for more surgeons, and the surgeon general's admission that he could give no statement as to the sick and wounded in hospitals, or of those killed in battle or who had died from disease, congress demanded a report from the adjutant general of the army. Feb. 4, 1847, he reported that within 60 days up to that date out of the volunteers there had been:

Deaths	331
Killed in battle	71
Died of disease	6,007
Discharged on account of disease	3,000

So great was the bitterness against the administration that a writer of the time, the same Mr. Livermore from whom quotation was made above, in estimating the loss of life on both sides at the lowest figure of 40,000, said:

"This immense loss of human life, with all its attendant evils and woes and pains, is chargeable upon the authors and abettors of this tremendous system of legalized murder."

The transporting of the sick and wounded home was most horrifying. It was a time of terrible mistreatment of men, who innocently enlisted to serve their country, but were called upon to fight that slavery of the Democratic party. One voyage home of the transport Virginia was a type of that service. This voyage was made in 1846, and a writer described it as follows:

"Half of the men on the Virginia were wounded or sick, some having lost their legs, others their arms, others being wounded in arms and legs. With all those wounded, sick and dying men not a surgeon or a nurse was sent along to attend to them, not a particle of medicine, not a patch of a linen for dressing a wound. This is the usual manner of sending home the wounded and sick, sending them like old horses tired out to die."

Here is a glance at one of the hospitals of that dreadful war. It is given by an officer, who, writing home from Matamoros, said: "A man gets sick and is carried to the hospital with his blanket and knapsack. Bed and bedding there are none, and bedsteads or cots are not to be had. A blanket and the ground are therefore the couch upon which the volunteer lies sick and



### Praise From Those That Know

What fine laundry work is, is where we receive encomiums, and which we value. When the old time housekeeper tells you that our perfectly laundered linen is a marvel to her, as is the manner our fine domestic finish is laid on shirt front, collar or cuff, you know that it is up-to-date and beyond competition.

## Seymour Steam Laundry,

TIPTON STREET.

TELEPHONE 23

## IT LEADS THE FIELD!

THE SEYMOUR

## REPUBLICAN.

DAILY AND WEEKLY.

Has the largest daily and weekly circulation in Jackson county. It is recognized as the best advertising medium.

## OUR JOB DEPARTMENT

Turns Out Only First-Class Work.

### Agency of C. A. Calmarsh

ESTABLISHED in 1892.

Real Estate Handled to advantage and Money Loaned on Best Security Cash Needed to Supply Applicants for Loans. Money Lenders call when placing loans. The Leading Fire Insurance Agency in City. Equitable Life Assurance Society. Best in World. Travellers Accident Insurance Co. The Leader, Fidelity and Casualty Co. In all Departments. Plate Glass Insurance. P. O. Building, Seymour, Ind.

dies, if he does not recover. If he dies, he is buried with only his blanket around him."

Another writer, a visiting editor, described the hospitals as follows:

"They are places of overwhelming squalor, want and misery. They have no parallel except in Canadian emigrant sheds. Their conditions are outrageously offensive to every human sense, physical and moral."

Still another wrote: "The sick receive no attention. All are broken, many are destitute and individual charity and help from friends constitute their only succor."

To crown this infamy of neglect and cruelty, when these poor wrecks were discharged from the hospitals they were allowed only 20 cents a day for transportation and subsistence in reaching home. All this is what the volunteers of the country got for serving in a Democratic war.

### W. F. Pfaffenberger.

DEALER IN

### BOOTS and SHOES

Seymour, Ind.

## Fall Goods Arriving Daily

JUST FOR A HUMMER: 30 dozen Men's 60c and 75c white unlaundried pleated front shirts go at 8c, all sizes, 12 to 18. Come early while assortment is complete at

## The Klondike, Clothing and Shoe Store,

WM. E. DEHLER Manager, 41 S. Chestnut St

A complete line of Ladies, Gents and Children's Shoes in all Styles and Prices. Also a full line of Clothing, Hats and Gents Furnishing Goods. Come and see us. We will compare Quality and Prices with any firm in Southern Indiana. Keep your eyes on this space, it will pay you.



## We Will Buy Back

At full price any goods purchased of us that do not prove to be as we represented them. This is our way of doing business—yes! a new way, but it protects you and makes it to our advantage to be sure of the quality of anything before recommending it to you. It means to you

## Pure Drugs, Reliable Goods and Safety

It means to us your goodwill, confidence and regular trade. We are eager for your trade on this understanding

LET US FILL YOUR PRESCRIPTIONS.

The W. F. Peter Pharmacy.

## BEAR

In mind a few bare facts for Bear the druggist cannot afford to take advantage of the opportunity to give anyone, looking for drugs, chemicals, stationery, toilet articles, or anything usually sold at a first class drug store. For Bear's sake therefore, forbear expressing any opinion till you have visited the Bear's Den Pharmacy conducted by

W. H. BEAR.

## W. E. GERRISH, DENTIST.

Vitalized Air for painless extraction of teeth. 24 July

**THE QUAKER Bath Cabinet**

Is worth \$100 to any and every family. See it! Learn all about it! Try it! Buy it and be convinced.

**L. S. Swann,**  
Authorized resident agent,  
The World Mfg. Co.,  
Cincinnati, O.  
Mail orders solicited.

### WEATHER INDICATIONS

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 22—For Indiana.—Rain tonight Friday partly cloudy.

Cox.

Butter eggs, poultry at Hoadley's.

C. A. Day went today to Owen township to pay a fire loss of \$250.

Cranberries, celery, peaches, grapes, Hancock's.

Homemade kraut, celery, fancy honey at F. Teckemeyers.

An investigation of the conduct of the war is not exactly what the Democrats want. What they do want is a chance to howl and rant without an investigation, a proceeding which, they know, would put a sudden stop to their chance of affecting the fall elections.—Mutic News.

Oranges, lemons, bananas, Hoadley's.

It does not follow that to become a successful advertiser a man must start in with unlimited thousands. It was better to 'go slow' until experience has paved the way to larger operations. He who starts advertising in a small way and keeps within his means in all his operations has a greater percentage of profit ahead of him when the round-up is made than he who plunges.—Chambersburg (Pa.) Opinion.

Tin and glass fruit cans at Hoadley's.

When the work of the busy woman will permit her to travel her two miles in the sunshine she should surely make the most of such a priceless advantage; for, beneficial as the breathing of plenty of oxygen and the regular exercise of muscle are at any time, sunshine is a tonic for mind, heart and body, which no woman, sick or well, can afford to despise.—From "A Word About Walking," in Demorest's Magazine for October.

### BORN.

Brakeman Nathaniel Champion and wife, of Washington, late of Seymour, are very proud of a daughter, their first, born Tuesday, Sept. 20.

A son was born to Ed Watson and wife, Thursday, Sept. 22.

### BOOTH BUILDING.

Streets Present an Unusually Busy Appearance.

About twenty more booths were begun today. In two more days both sides of Second and Chestnut streets will be lined with them for five blocks. S. G. Rogers, the photographer, is at work today on his booth. He offers liberal premiums for best cotton crazy quilt and best fancy apron.

J. L. Kessler & Son are preparing a nice booth for an exhibit of dried beans of all kinds on which they offer premiums.

The Cordes Hardware Company is getting their booth ready for a display of clover, timothy and millet seed, on which they offer premiums.

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John Lauster is getting an attractive booth ready for a large display of cabbage and Jersey sweet potatoes.

Mose the Boss is preparing his booth for a display of Irish potatoes on which he offers premiums.

Chas. Abel has a fine booth ready for potatoes, which he solicits for the peck. He also offers a premium on pumpkins.

W. A. Carter & Son are erecting a spacious booth in which they will have an attractive display during the street fair.

W. E. Hoadley is getting his booth ready for a display of grapes for which he gives premiums.

John Nottage has everything about ready to receive several pecks of sweet potatoes on which he offers premiums.

Frank Gates is preparing a good place to exhibit the large watermelons he will have in his custody next week.

The Fair has an attractive booth about completed. Their premium is for the best plain homemade sun bonnet.

Mike Fox is erecting a booth in which he will have some exhibits of all kinds of preserves, for the largest collection of which he gives a premium.

Hancock Bros. have their booth about ready to receive the different displays of honey, which will be placed in competition for prizes they offer.

Jack Tierney has his booth about ready for the displays of native grape wine that will be brought in.

The Seymour Furniture Co. is preparing a nice place for collections of native wares which will be an interesting exhibit.

W. F. Bush has his booth well under way. He offers premiums for the largest varieties of palms and ferns.

The work of putting up the stages is progressing nicely, and is being well done too. The electrical fountain at the junction of Second and Chestnut streets is being put in today and is attracting a great deal of attention.

The headquarters at the postoffice corner is being erected today and when the workmen are through with it it will be a beauty.

### Weak Eyes are Made Strong

Dim vision made clear, styes removed and granulated lids, or sore eyes of any kind speedily and effectually cured by the use of Sutherland's Eagle Eye Salve. It's put up in tubes, and sold on a guarantee by all good druggists.

### Lucas vs. Bottorff.

Trial was begun Wednesday morning in the case of Gerry Lucas vs. Milo and Ella Bottorff for damages for alienating his wife's affections. Mrs. Lucas was a daughter of the defendant in the case.

### Lamps.

Elegant designs just received from factory at Trenton, N. J. Low, broad bases. Adorn your houses for the street fair visitors.

C. W. Milhouse, Druggist.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair, Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.

**DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER**

A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder.  
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

### BUSINESS NOTES.

J. D. Mapleton is here from Lafayette on business.

and adds much to the appearance of the building.

L. D. Adkins, of Shoals, came up today on business.

S. V. Harding went today to Columbus on business.

A. B. Conkle is here from Indianapolis on business.

The Blish's are erecting their booths at the postoffice.

Farmers find their ground too wet to sow for wheat.

J. H. Hoadley made a business trip north last evening.

John Fox and wife are here from Kokomo on business.

Mrs. Sarah Lutes, of Bedford, came up today on business.

A. H. Manuel is in the city from Freetown on business.

A gentle rain began last night and continued eight hours.

Alex. Greger, of the county seat, came up last night on business.

T. C. Wood, of Scott county, came up last evening on business.

S. C. Waters, of Martin county, came up last evening on business.

Voss & Son are making a big lot of barrels for the Hominy Mill.

Simon Strauss made a business trip this forenoon to Cincinnati.

Thomas Johnson, of Indianapolis, is a business visitor in the city.

G. M. Kelley and wife, of Logansport, came here today on business.

John Lemon has charge of the engine at the Humes Planing mill.

Several important real estate deals will be made in the city next week.

Frank Vance, of the county seat, came up today on special business.

Three old veterans were before the Seymour pension board Wednesday.

Charles Hirtzell has finished painting the Hotel Jones which is plain white.

E. W. Shepard made a business trip to Oaktown and Terre Haute yesterday.

Charles Miller, of Mt. Carmel, Ill., came up to the city last evening on business.

A. W. Mitchiner, J. K. Abbott came in this morning from Washington on business.

J. T. O'Brien is here from Cincinnati on business. He will attend our big street fair.

Homer Harrod, of Scottsburg, moved his family to Brownsburg today for future residence.

Charles Vogel is erecting a nice dwelling on Storms Creek for the widow Rank.

John Stockton and wife and C. E. Ernest and wife, of Brown county, came here today on business.

Postmaster J. E. Kingsbury, of Crothersville, favored the Republican with a business call yesterday.

Ed. McDonald is home from Pocket, where he has been getting out a quarter of a million of tight staves.

John F. Claybaker and Fred Steinfeld, of Shields, brought a nice lot of farm products here last evening.

Arthur Dexter Peacock, of Abington, Va., member of the 6th Ill. Vol., went to Crothersville last night to visit relatives.

A large stage is being erected on South Chestnut street in front of the Furniture store for a Japanese theatrical show.

E. E. Gaskill, of Cincinnati, formerly of this city, who has visited his Seymour friends and attended to business, returned home today.

Frank Kirkhoff, watchman at the Woolen Mill, has purchased property in Woodstock and moved his family into it yesterday.

G. A. Robertson, Frank Stockover, and Taylor Pruden went today to the county seat to complete the partition of the Rhoads land.

David Payton moved his family here this morning from Mitchell and they will occupy the Dorpington property on Beech and Jackson streets.

J. C. Craig, of Fruit Hill, delivered his last load of peaches here last evening making 2650 bushels here this season. He hasn't sold ten bushels at any other point in the county simply because he had no market.

Dentists Prall & Coryell for teeth without plates; vapor for painless extraction.

Series O, Cooperative B. & L. Association. This new series will be begun Monday Oct. 3. All who desire to take stock call on W. F. Peter, Sec'y.

### PERSONAL.

Mrs. Sarah Sanks, of Holton, came to the city today to visit friends.

W. H. Stankums is in the city from Bloomfield calling on old friends.

Mrs. Henry Sprenger is better and sat up yesterday for the first time.

Ben George and wife drove today to Deputy to attend a grove meeting.

Mrs. John Wagner is here from Ludlow, Ky., to see her sick mother, Mrs. Henry Sprenger.

L. B. Seifrit, of the Washington Gazette, is here to attend the Ross-Lester wedding tonight.

Mrs. M. M. Cossiner, of Chicago, is very sick at the home of her sister, Mrs. Milton Turner.

Superintendent J. E. Payne, of the county seat, is in the city today looking after the primary institute.

Walter Johnson and wife, of Covington, Ky., are visiting on White Creek. They will take in our big street fair.

William Latkin, who came home from the army nearly three weeks ago sick, is better but not able to sit up yet.

L. F. Johnson and wife came here today from Bloomington to see friends. They will take in the big street fair.

Mrs. William Shutt, of Ewing, went today to Columbus to attend the funeral of her brother-in-law, George Ray, who died yesterday after a lingering illness.

M. M. and L. F. Frieman, of Cincinnati, came in today from the west on business [and to see their sick uncle Mathias Fridman, who is some better. He is 87 years old.

### COURT NOTES.

Our attorneys and others went today to court.

The suit of Lucas against Bottorff was begun in court at noon yesterday and may take up the remainder of the week.

A jury found Mrs. Sophia Russell, of Graysfork, to be of unsound mind and a guardian will be appointed but not yet as a motion was made for a new trial.

Hugo Fox's saloon was burglarized last night, thieves entering the upper part of the window. Outside of rifling the money drawer of a few pennies nothing else was taken. Let everybody keep their houses securely fastened next week.

### THE LADIES.

The pleasant effect and perfect safety with which ladies may use Syrup of Figs, under all conditions, makes it their favorite remedy. To get the true and genuine article, look for the name of the California Fig Syrup Co. printed near the bottom of the package. For sale by all druggists.

The Eagle, King of All Birds. Is noted for its keen sight, clear and distinct vision. So are those persons who use Sutherland's Eagle Eye Salve for weak eyes, styes, sore eyes of any kind or granulated lids. Sold by all dealers at 25 cents.

### MARRIED.

John Shannon, of Redding township, and Miss Mary Hinton, of Seymour, were united in marriage today, Sept. 18, 1898.

Dentists Prall & Coryell, for teeth without plates; vapor for painless extraction. dw Oct 1

Last of the Season. Cincinnati and Return 75 Cents.

Via B. & O. S. W. Ry., Sunday September 25 1898. Special trains leave 7 a. m. and 8:30 a. m. returning leave Cincinnati at 7:30 p. m. same date. Base ball, two games in the afternoon, Cleveland and Cincinnati, other attractions, zoological garden, Chester park, art museum, Burnetwoods park, Ft. Thomas, Sunday matinees at all the opera houses. J. P. HONAN, Ticket Agt.

Cheap Trips to the Northwest, West and Southwest.

Persons contemplating business or pleasure trips to the Northwest, West or Southwest may arrange for an enjoyable journey at low fare by communicating with W. W. Richardson, district passenger agent of the Pennsylvania Lines, Indianapolis. He represents the short lines to Chicago, St. Louis, Louisville and Cincinnati, the gateways to the Northwest, West and Southwest. Tell Mr. Richardson where you wish to go and he will cheerfully furnish full information about special low rates and quick through time.

### Notice.

After October 3 the Pearl Laundry and the Seymour Laundry will do a strictly cash business. For the convenience of our customers we will sell coupon books for \$1, \$2, \$3 and \$5 which will be discounted 10 per cent.

Respectfully,

E. C. BOLLINGER.  
A. R. VOGEL & Co.

### Magazine Notes.

The special features of the October number of Harper's Magazine are: "On the Roof of the World, Notes on My Journey Through Asia," by Sven Hedin; "Our Navy in Asiatic Waters," by William Elliot Griffis; and "Our Future Policy," by Hon. J. G. Carlisle; "An Angel in a Web," by Julian Ralph; and "The Span of Life," a story by William McLennan and J. N. McIlwraith is begun. The number contains also several short stories, poems, and the Drawer.

McClure's Magazine has secured for the October number a "human document" of the recent war of the highest interest and value. It is a diary kept by the British Consul at Santiago de Cuba from the day before the arrival of Cervera's fleet until the day after the American army took possession of the city.

John Kendrick Bangs' newest stories are to appear in The Ladies' Home Journal. They are called "Stories of a Suburban Town." There are several, and each will relate some droll incidents in the life of a small town.

Low Rates to Omaha Every Day via Pennsylvania Lines for Trans-Mississippi Exposition.

Excursion tickets to Omaha are on sale daily at principal ticket offices of the Pennsylvania Lines and may be obtained up to October 15th, inclusive. The return limit includes November 15th. For special information about the low fare and quick through time over this route, apply to nearest ticket agent of the Pennsylvania Lines, or address F. Van Dusen, A. G. P. A., Pittsburg, Pa.

## COX'S PHARMACY!

—HEADQUARTERS FOR—  
Family Medicines and Druggist's Sundries.

Physicians' prescriptions given special attention.

Ring bell at door for night clerk.

Our soda water is excelled by none.

ALPHA COX, Proprietor,

Chestnut St. near P. O., Seymour, Ind.

## Who will be the First Applicant?

For that fifty dollar bed room suit which A. J. Conroy, the king of installment houses has offered to the brave couple that is willing to get married on one of the platforms before the general public at the Seymour Street Fair. Bedroom suit will be on exhibition at the installment house, No. 57 East Second street after September 10.

WILLIAM ANDERSON, Manager.

## MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE

COMPANY OF NEW YORK  
RICHARD A. McCURDY, Pres

STATEMENT.  
For the year ending December 31, 1897. According to the Standard of the Insurance Department of the State of New York.

INCOME.

Received for Premiums \$42,685,201.92

From all other Sources 11,463,406.24

\$54,148,608.16

DISBURSEMENTS.

To Policy-holders for Claims by Death \$13,279,630.69

To Policy-holders for Endowments, Dividends, etc. 12,714,424.78

For all other accounts 10,132,005.57

\$36,126,061.04

ASSETS.

United States Bonds and other Securities \$132,017,341.45

First Lien Loans on Bond and Mortgage 80,423,937.31

Loans on Stocks and Bonds 12,880,308.00

Real Estate 21,618,454.88

Cash in Banks and Trust Companies 11,705,106.82

Accrued Interest, Net Deferred Premiums, etc. 6,141,200.20

\$253,790,437.06

Reserve for Policies and other Liabilities 218,273,343.07

Surplus \$35,517,093.99

Insurance and Annuities in force \$306,634,496.63

I have carefully examined the foregoing Statement and find the same to be correct; liabilities calculated by the Insurance Department. CHARLES A. PRELLER, Auditor

From the Surplus a dividend will be apportioned as usual.

ROBERT A. GRANNISS, Vice-President.

WALTER R. GILLETTE, General Manager

ISAAC F. LLOYD, 2d Vice-President.

FREDERICK CROMWELL, Treasurer

ROBERT MCCLINTOCK, Actuary

Local agents wanted. Address, ALEX. HUTCHINSON, Gen. Agent, Evansville, Ind.

# WE ARE READY!

And well prepared for our autumn business. Our store room is crowded with new choice goods and the low prices will make them go. Come and see us.

## L. F. MILLER & CO.

ESTABLISHED 1860.

## Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry.

My Stock for the Fall Season is the most complete and comprises a choice assortment of

## UP-TO-DATE GOODS.

The good people of Seymour and the country 'round are invited to call and inspect the fine display. Rare Bargains to Early Buyers. All Goods Engraved Free.

S. V. HARDING, Leading The Jeweler and Optician.

110 W. SECOND ST.

SEYMOUR, IND

## PETIT'S RESTAURANT

## Midnight Lunch.

When the sun goes down and the moon comes up

Oh, then is the time night rounders up—

It's chicken right here and a sirloin there

Regardless of Petit's night bill of fare.

The man from the cards, and him from saloon,

Hits Petit's each night 'neath the light of the moon,

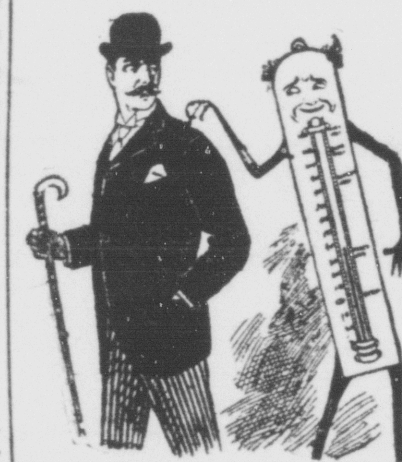
And each one wants a lunch and a little bite more

At Petit's reliable all night luncheon store!

So we fix up adish, the best of our store

At Petit's Lunch Room, in the town of Seymour.

## A Forcible Reminder



When the falling thermometer makes you remember that it is time to think of your winter clothing. We have a beautiful new stock of imported and domestic tweeds, diagonals, chevrons, clay serge and fancy mixtures, from which to choose, and will fit and make them in our old time fine taste and exquisite style at hard time prices.

## Riehm, The Tailor

## THE TRAVIS CARTER CO., Contractors and Builders.

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

## Lumber, Sash, Doors, Blinds

AND OTHER BUILDING MATERIAL.



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**Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair, Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.**

**DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER**

A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder.  
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

## BUSINESS NOTES.

J. D. Mapleton is here from Lafayette on business.

and adds much to the appearance of the building.

L. D. Adkins, of Shoals, came up today on business.

S. V. Harding went today to Columbus on business.

A. B. Conkle is here from Indianapolis on business.

The Eliah's are erecting their booths at the postoffice.

Farmers find their ground too wet to sow for wheat.

J. H. Hoadley made a business trip north last evening.

John Fox and wife are here from Kokomo on business.

Mrs. Sarah Lutes, of Bedford, came up today on business.

A. H. Manuel is in the city from Freetown on business.

A gentle rain began last night and continued eight hours.

Alex. Greger, of the county seat, came up last night on business.

T. C. Wood, of Scott county, came up last evening on business.

S. C. Waters, of Martin county, came up last evening on business.

Voss & Son are making a big lot of barrels for the Hominy Mill.

Simon Straus made a business trip this forenoon to Cincinnati.

Thomas Johnson, of Indianapolis, is a business visitor in the city.

G. M. Kelley and wife, of Loogootee, came here today on business.

John Lemon has charge of the engine at the Humes Planing mill.

Several important real estate deals will be made in the city next week.

Frank Vance, of the county seat, came up today on special business.

Three old veterans were before the Seymour pension board Wednesday.

Charles Hirtzell has finished painting the Hotel Jonas which is plain white.

E. W. Shepard made a business trip to Oaktown and Terre Haute yesterday.

Charles Miller, of Mt. Carmel, Ill., came up to the city last evening on business.

A. W. Mitchiner, J. K. Abbott came in this morning from Washington on business.

J. T. O'Brian is here from Cincinnati on business. He will attend our big street fair.

Homer Harrod, of Scottsburg, moved his family to Brownsburg today for future residence.

Charles Vogel is erecting a nice dwelling on Storms Creek for the widow Ranks.

John Stockton and wife and C. E. Ernest and wife, of Brown county, came here today on business.

Postmaster J. E. Kingsbury, of Crothersville, favored the Republican with a business call yesterday.

Ed. McDonald is home from Pocket, where he has been getting out a quarter of a million of tight staves.

John F. Claybaker and Fred Steinfeld, of Shields, brought a nice lot of farm products here last evening.

Arthur Dexter Peacock, of Abington, Va., member of the 6th Ill. Vol., went to Crothersville last night to visit relatives.

A large stage is being erected on South Chestnut street in front of the Furniture store for a Japanese theatrical show.

E. E. Gaskill, of Cincinnati, formerly of this city, who has visited his Seymour friends and attended to business, returned home today.

Frank Kirkhoff, watchman at the Woolen Mill, has purchased property in Woodstock and moved his family into it yesterday.

G. A. Robertson, Frank Stockover, and Taylor Pruden went today to the county seat to complete the partition of the Rhoads land.

David Payton moved his family here this morning from Mitchell and they will occupy the Docking property on Beech and Jackson streets.

J. C. Craig, of Fruit Hill, delivered his last lot of peaches here last evening making 2650 bushels here this season. He hasn't sold ten bushels at any other point in the county simply because he had no market.

Dentists Prall & Coryell for teeth without plates; vapor for painless extraction.

Series O, Cooperative B. & L. Association This new series will be begun Monday Oct. 3. All who desire to take stock call on

W. F. PETER, Sec'y.

## PERSONAL.

Mrs. Sarah Sanks, of Holton, came to the city today to visit friends.

W. H. Stankums is in the city from Bloomfield calling on old friends.

Mrs. Henry Sprenger is better and sat up yesterday for the first time.

Ben George and wife drove today to Deputy to attend a grove meeting.

Mrs. John Wagner is here from Ludlow, Ky., to see her sick mother, Mrs. Henry Sprenger.

L. B. Seifert, of the Washington Gazette, is here to attend the Ross-Lester wedding tonight.

Mrs. M. M. Cossiner, of Chicago, is very sick at the home of her sister, Mrs. Milton Turner.

Superintendent J. E. Payne, of the county seat, is in the city today looking after the primary institute.

Walter Johnson and wife, of Covington, Ky., are visiting on White Creek. They will take in our big street fair.

William Larkin, who came home from the army nearly three weeks ago sick, is better but not able to sit up yet.

L. F. Johnson and wife came here today from Bloomington to see friends. They will take in the big street fair.

Mrs. William Shutta, of Ewing, went today to Columbus to attend the funeral of her brother-in-law, George Ray, who died yesterday after a lingering illness.

M. M. and L. F. Frieman, of Cincinnati, came in today from the west on business and to see their sick uncle Mathias Fridman, who is some better. He is 87 years old.

## COURT NOTES.

Our attorneys and others went today to court.

The suit of Lucas against Bottorff was begun in court at noon yesterday and may take up the remainder of the week.

A jury found Mrs. Sophia Russell, of Grassyfork, to be of unsound mind and a guardian will be appointed but not yet as a motion was made for a new trial.

Hugo Fox's saloon was burglarized last night, thieves entering the upper part of the window. Outside of rifling the money drawer of a few pennies nothing else was taken. Let everybody keep their houses securely fastened next week.

## THE LADIES.

The pleasant effect and perfect safety with which ladies may use Syrup of Figs, under all conditions, makes it their favorite remedy. To get the true and genuine article, look for the name of the California Fig Syrup Co. printed near the bottom of the package. For sale by all druggists.

**The Eagle, King of All Birds.**  
Is noted for its keen sight, clear and distinct vision. So are those persons who use Sutherland's Eagle Eye Salve for weak eyes, styes, sore eyes of any kind or granulated lids. Sold by all dealers at 25 cents.

## MARRIED.

John Shannon, of Redding township, and Miss Mary Hinton, of Seymour, were united in marriage Friday, Sept. 18, 1898.

Dentists Prall & Coryell, for teeth without plates; vapor for painless extraction. dw Oct 1

Last of the Season. Cincinnati and Return 75 Cents.

Via B. & O. S. W. Ry., Sunday September 25 1898. Special trains leave 7 a. m. and 8:30 a. m. returning leave Cincinnati at 7:30 p. m. same date. Base ball two games in the afternoon, Cleveland and Cincinnati, other attractions, zoological garden, Chester park, art museum, Matinees at all the opera houses. J. P. HONAN, Ticket Agent.

Cheap Trips to the Northwest. West and Southwest.

Persons contemplating business or pleasure trips to the Northwest, West or Southwest may arrange for an enjoyable journey at low fare by communicating with W. W. Richardson, district passenger agent of the Pennsylvania Lines, Indianapolis. He represents the short lines to Chicago, St. Louis, Louisville and Cincinnati, the gateways to the Northwest, West and Southwest. Tell Mr. Richardson where you wish to go and he will cheerfully furnish full information about special low rates and quick through time.

## Notice.

After October 3 the Pearl Laundry and the Seymour Laundry will do a strictly cash business. For the convenience of our customers we will sell coupon books for \$1, \$2, \$3 and \$5 which will be discounted 10 per cent.

Respectfully,

E. C. BOLLINGER,  
A. R. VOGEL & Co.

## Magazine Notes.

The special features of the October number of Harper's Magazine are: "On the Roof of the World," Notes on My Journey Through Asia," by Sven Hedin; "Our Navy in Asiatic Waters," by William Elliot Griffie; and "Our Future Policy," by Hon. J. G. Carlisle; "An Angel in a Web," by Julian Ralph; and "The Span of Life," a story by William McLennan and J. N. McIlwraith is begun. The number contains also several short stories, poems, and the Drawer.

McClure's Magazine has secured for the October number a "human document" of the recent war of the highest interest and value. It is a diary kept by the British Consul at Santiago de Cuba from the day before the arrival of Cervera's fleet until the day after the American army took possession of the city.

John Kendrick Bangs' newest stories are to appear in The Ladies' Home Journal. They are called "Stories of a Suburban Town." There are several, and each will relate some dull incidents in the life of a small town.

Low Rates to Omaha Every Day via Pennsylvania Lines for Trans-Mississippi Exposition.

Excursion tickets to Omaha are on sale daily at principal ticket offices of the Pennsylvania Lines and may be obtained up to October 15th, inclusive. The return limit includes November 15th. For special information about the low fare and quick through time over this route, apply to nearest ticket agent of the Pennsylvania Lines, or address F. VanDusen, A. G. P. A., Pittsburg, Pa.

## COX'S PHARMACY!

—HEADQUARTERS FOR—  
Family Medicines and Druggists' Sundries.

Physicians' prescription given special attention.

Ring bell at door for night clerk.

Our soda water is excelled by none.

ALPHA COX, Proprietor,

Chestnut St. near P. O., Seymour, Ind.

## Who will be the First Applicant?

For that fifty dollar bed room suit which A. J. Conroy, the king of installment houses has offered to get married on one of the platforms before the general public at the Seymour Street Fair. Bedroom suit will be on exhibition at the installment house, No. 57 East Second street after September 10.

WILLIAM ANDERSON, Manager.

## THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK

RICHARD A. McCURDY, Pres  
STATEMENT.

For the year ending December 31, 1897, According to the Standard of the Insurance Department of the State of New York.

**INCOME.**  
Received for Premiums \$42,608,201.99  
From all other sources 11,469,406.24  
\$54,077,608.23

**DISBURSEMENTS.**  
To Policy-holders for Claims by Death \$13,270,630.69  
To Policy-holders for Endowments, Dividends, etc. 12,714,424.78  
For all other accounts 10,132,005.57  
\$36,117,061.04

**ASSETS.**  
United States Bonds and other Securities \$132,017,341.45  
First Lien Loans on Bond and Mortgage 60,423,937.31  
Loans on Stocks and Bonds 12,880,308.00  
Real Estate 21,618,434.88  
Cash in Banks and Trust Companies 11,705,196.88  
Accrued Interest, Net Deferred Premiums, etc. 6,141,200.20  
\$253,786,437.62

Reserve for Policies and other Liabilities 218,278,243.07

Surplus \$35,508,194.55

Insurance and Annuities in force \$306,634,436.65

I have carefully examined the foregoing Statement and find the same to be correct; liabilities calculated by the Insurance Department. CHARLES A. PRELLER Auditor

From the Surplus dividend will be apportioned as usual.

ROBERT A. GRANNISS, Vice-President.

WALTER R. GILLETTE, General Manager  
ISAAC F. LLOYD, 2d Vice-President  
FREDERIC CROMWELL, Treasurer  
RMONY MCCLINTOCK, Actuary

Local agents wanted. Address, ALEX. HUTCHINSON, Gen. Agent, Evansville, Ind.

# WE ARE READY!

And well prepared for our autumn business. Our store room is crowded with new choice goods and the low prices will make them go. Come and see us.

## L. F. MILLER & CO.

ESTABLISHED 1860.

## Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry.

My Stock for the Fall Season is the most complete and comprises a choice assortment of

## UP-TO-DATE GOODS.

The good people of Seymour and the country 'round are invited to call and inspect the fine display. Rare Bargains to E rly Buyers. All Goods Engraved Free.

S. V. HARDING, Leading The Jeweler and Optician.

110 W. SECOND ST.

SEYMOUR, IND

## PETIT'S RESTAURANT

—AND—

## Midnight Lunch.

When the sun goes down and the moon comes up

Oh, then is the time night rounders sup—

It's chicken right here and a sirlion there

Regardless of Petit's night bill of fare.

The man from the cards, and him from saloon,

Hits Petit's each night 'neath the light of the moon,

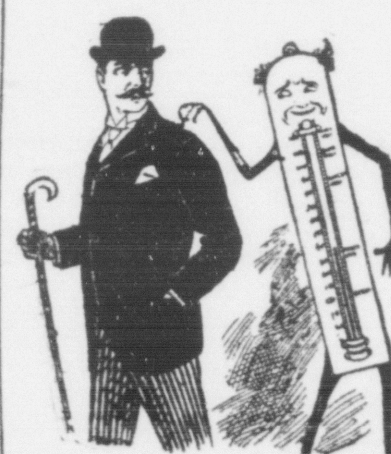
And each one wants a lunch and a little bite more

At Petit's reliable all night luncheon store!

So we fix up adish, the best of our store

At Petit's Lunch Room, in the town of Seymour.

## A Forcible Reminder



When the falling thermometer makes you remember that it is time to think of your winter clothing. We have a beautiful new stock of imported and domestic tweeds, diagonals, chevots, clay serge and fancy mixtures, from which to choose, and will fit and make them in our old time fine taste and exquisite style at hard time prices.

## Riehm, The Tailor

## THE TRAVIS CARTER CO., Contractors and Builders,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

## Lumber, Sash, Doors, Blinds

AND OTHER BUILDING MATERIAL.

Specifications and Plans Furnished. Ewing Street, between Third and Fourth.

## LOOK HERE.

I AM GOING TO CLOSE OUT MY ENTIRE STOCK OF

**Fashionable Piece Goods At a Great Sacrifice.**

You will want a new Suit or Pantaloon for the Street Fair.

Get them Now while Prices are Low

We Guarantee You a Big Saving on Goods and we can Fit You.

Now is the Time to Save Dollars By Seeing

**W. A. KRAUSE, The Reliable Tailor.**











## Suffered 20 Years.



MR. MARY LEWIS, wife of a prominent farmer, and well known of all old residents near Belmont, N. Y., writes: "For twenty-seven years I have been a constant sufferer from nervous prostration, and paid large sums of money for doctors and advertised remedies without benefit. Three years ago my condition was alarming; the least noise would startle and unnerve me. I was unable to sleep, had a number of sinking spells and slowly grew worse. I began using Dr. Miles' Restorative Nerve and Nerve and Liver Pills. At first the medicine seemed to have no effect, but after taking a few bottles I began to notice a change; I rested better at night, my appetite began to improve and I rapidly grew better, until now I am as nearly restored to health as one of my age may expect. God bless Dr. Miles' Nervine."



DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

## O. H. MONTGOMERY,

## ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Will practice in all the courts of the State. Careful attention given to collections and to probate matters. Office: Over the First National Bank, Seymour, Ind.

## W. K. MARSHALL,

## ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Any legal business entrusted to my care will receive careful and prompt attention. Office: Pfaffenberg Block, Seymour, Ind.

## JOHN M. LEWIS, JR.

## JOHN N. LEWIS, JR.

## LEWIS &amp; LEWIS,

## ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

Will practice in all the courts. Collections a specialty. Legal business solicited. Office: Pfaffenberg Block, Seymour, Ind.

## I. M. MAINS, JR.

## L. M. MAINS, JR.

## MAINS &amp; MAINS,

## DENTISTS.

Office: Corner Chestnut St. and St. Louis Avenue. Office hours 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. 7 p. m. to 8 p. m.

## ELMER JOHNSON &amp; BRO.,

## BARBERS.

Nothing but first class. If you want a clean, smooth shave or a hot fish hair cut, give us a call. St. Louis Ave., Seymour, Ind.

## 50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

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Patent Lawyers. WASHINGTON, D. C.

## ALGER'S INSPECTION

The General Given a Reception on His Arrival at Chattanooga.

## HE VISITS CAMP THOMAS

Makes a Speech in Which He Defends the Medical and Quartermasters' Departments—Congratulates General McKee at Camp Poland—Officers' Complaints at Camp Hamilton.

Chattanooga, Sept. 22.—Secretary Alger and party reached this city last night from Knoxville. The party was met at the depot by the mayor of the city and a large number of citizens and were conducted to the city auditorium where 3,000 people had gathered to meet and receive them. Secretary Alger was greeted with the most cordial applause. He made a short speech thanking the people for their courteous reception. He said with reference to charges of mismanagement:

"That some mistakes have occurred, I admit, but that the medical department, the commissary department and the quartermaster's department have done their full duty, I affirm."

Secretary Alger and party spent today at Chickamauga park, visiting Leiter and Sternberg hospitals and inspecting the camp sites of the various regiments of the Camp Thomas army.

## NUMEROUS CHARGES.

It is said Will Result From General Alger's Camp Inspection.

Lexington, Ky., Sept. 22.—A prominent gentleman, close to the national administration, as well as to the officers here at Camp Hamilton says the present tour of inspection of the southern camps by Secretary Alger, Quartermaster General Ludington and Surgeon General Sternberg will likely develop numerous charges from regimental and general field officers against both the medical and the quartermasters' departments and especially against some commissaries. The talking was begun here by General Sanger against the medical department and by General Waites against the quartermasters, and it is expected that officers at other points will add very materially to this testimony before the tour of inspection is completed. Secretary Alger stated that all of this information and all other evidence that he could secure would be presented to the investigating commission at Washington.

At the conference here of Secretary Alger with General Brockinridge, the commander of Camp Hamilton, and other officers, General Sanger said while the division hospital may be a good thing, that as it was conducted



It had been a disgrace to the service; that it had deprived the regiments of their surgeons and caused hardships on

the sick who should have had better attention at the proper time. Surgeon General Sternberg in reply insisted that all requisitions had been honored in Washington, and that any medical men failing to do their duty should be reported.

General Waites told Secretary Alger that the neglect of some quartermasters to furnish supplies was criminal. While in Chickamauga he frequently made requisitions which were not honored. An imperative order had been sent to have all water boiled. He had made a requisition on Quartermaster General Lee for water boilers. No attention was paid to the requisition and after he repeatedly urged Quartermaster General Lee to send the boilers and telling him how the men were contracting typhoid fever, he was met with a reply which read:

"The war department does not furnish boilers." General Waites then purchased the boilers himself, but the seeds of typhoid fever had been sown, and the daily report showed the list of deaths and of cases in the hospitals. Pointing at Quartermaster Ludington, General Waites said: "These men cannot say it was somebody else's fault. It was the fault of Quartermaster Lee and it was the fault of Quartermaster Ludington, who is standing right there."

Ludington made no reply to Waites, as Sternberg had done to Sanger.

Boilers Were Furnished. Washington, Sept. 22.—The quartermaster's department of the army states that the claim made by certain officers that boilers were not furnished for boiling water at Chickamauga is not true. On the same date that Chief Quartermaster Lee telegraphed for the boilers 2,000 were sent and a little later 300 more. It is also stated that the soldiers would not drink the boiled water because it had a flat taste and preferred and drank fresh water.

## ALGER AT CAMP POLAND.

General McKee Congratulated on the Condition of His Camp and Men.

Knoxville, Sept. 22.—The secretary of war, who yesterday inspected Camp Poland and reviewed the enlisted men encamped there, made a speech to the commanding officers at General McKee's headquarters, in which he fixed the blame for the sickness in the different camps throughout the country on the commanding officers.

Secretary Alger went from the depot direct to the camp and, accompanied by his staff and the officers of the camp, all on horseback, rode over the drill field and inspected the troops. He then reviewed the grand parade arranged in his honor.

He next visited the hospitals and regimental quarters and made a thorough inspection of the condition of the camp and men. General Alger congratulated General McKee on the splendid condition of his camp and of the troops.

In his speech to the commanding officers, Secretary Alger said:

"I came here to visit this camp for the purpose of acquainting myself with the conditions and to see for myself just how the troops are faring and to hear from the officers any recommendations that they may think will benefit the camp."

"I want to hear what the commanders have to say about division hospitals and regimental hospitals, more especially. There has been a great deal of talk about the conditions of the camp hospitals."

"I want to say that had the war department been acquainted with the conditions said to have existed at Chickamauga the troops there would have been moved long before they were."

"We received only good reports at Washington from the commanding officers and it was supposed that the outside reports were exaggerated."

"The commanders of camps are responsible for the condition of their camps and if the men are not well cared for, and if the hospital and sanitary conditions are bad, the commanding officers must answer for it."

"The war department has been and is ready to supply the demands of the troops for medicines and sustenance and there is no reason why conditions other than the best possible should exist."

## SICK FROM SIBONEY.

Two Transports Arrive at Montank With Invalid Soldiers.

Camp Wikoff, Sept. 22.—The Seguranca arrived here unexpectedly yesterday with sick troops from Siboney. In fact her arrival was a surprise, and still greater was the surprise when the Mexican steamed in a few hours later with more sick from Siboney and Santiago.

When the Vigilance reached here a couple of weeks ago she reported that she brought the last of the sick from Siboney and Santiago. When the Seguranca came she made the same announcement, and four hours later the Mexico did likewise.

The Mexico had on board 76 men of Troop M, Tenth Cavalry, and 18 sick, none with contagious diseases, and all likely to recover.

## FOR DEWEY.

Navy Department Orders Four Hundred Sailors Sent to the Admiral.

Washington, Sept. 22.—The navy department has ordered 400 sailors to be sent to Admiral Dewey's squadron at Manila. The men will be sent from San Francisco on a merchant steamer. It is the purpose of the department to gather most of the men from the Pacific coast, but orders have been given to Lieutenant Commander Vail, in charge of the permanent naval recruiting station in Chicago, to recruit 110 of the sailors there.

## General Garcia Coming.

Washington, Sept. 22.—It is expected by members of the Cuban delegation here that General Calixto Garcia, second in command of the Cuban forces during the war, will come to this country in the course of the next two weeks.



visiting New York, Baltimore and Washington. His coming is looked forward to with much interest, in view of the prominent part he took in the military operations around Santiago and the unfortunate clash between him and General Shafter following the surrender of the city.

## Laid to Rest in Arlington.

Washington, Sept. 22.—The remains of Captain Allyn Capron, one of the notable figures of the Santiago campaign, and father of Captain Allyn K. Capron of the Rough Riders, who fell in the first battle of the war, were buried at Arlington National cemetery yesterday, with military honors. The funeral was attended by a large number of prominent army officers including Major General Miles and members of his staff.

## Colonel Bryan.

Washington, Sept. 22.—Colonel William Jennings Bryan, Third Nebraska volunteers, reached Washington last night from Jacksonville, Fla. Colonel Bryan's uniform looked as immaculate as if he had just stepped from his tailor's establishment. "Colonel Bryan, Jacksonville dispatches say that you are likely to resign your commission," was suggested to him. "Really, I cannot discuss that matter now," he replied.

## Decided Improvement.

Washington, Sept. 22.—General Lawton's report of the health conditions of the American troops at Santiago last night indicates a distinct improvement. The number of sick has been reduced more than 400 during the past two days and only one death is reported.

## Started an Endless Chain.

Birmingham, N. Y., Sept. 22.—George E. Green, president of the Commercial Travelers' Home Association of America, has started a 10-cent endless chain of letters for the purpose of raising money to complete the home, the cornerstone of which was laid on South Mountain, in this city, Oct. 9, 1894.

## THE MARKETS.

Prevailing Prices For Grain, Cattle and Provisions on Sept. 21.

## Indianapolis.

WHEAT—Strong; No. 2 red, 65½¢. CORN—Firm; No. 2 mixed, 29½¢. OATS—Firm; No. 2 mixed, 22½¢. CATTLE—Steady at \$3.00 to \$3.50. HOGS—Steady at \$2.00 to \$2.50. SHEEP—Active at \$2.00 to \$2.50. LAMBS—Active at \$2.00 to \$2.50.

## Chicago Grain and Provisions.

WHEAT—Dec. opened 65½¢, closed 65½¢. MAY opened 64½¢, closed 64½¢. CORN—Dec. opened 29½¢, closed 29½¢. MAY opened 31½¢, closed 31½¢. OATS—Dec. opened 20½¢, closed 20½¢. MAY opened 22½¢, closed 22½¢. PORK—Oct. opened \$3.20, closed \$3.10. DEC. opened \$3.20, closed \$3.10. LARD—Oct. opened \$1.70, closed \$1.67. DEC. opened \$1.70, closed \$1.67. RIBS—Oct. opened \$1.25, closed \$1.25. DEC. opened \$1.25, closed \$1.25. CLOSING CASH MARKETS—Wheat, 65½¢; corn, 29½¢; oats, 22½¢; pork, \$3.07; lard, \$1.67; ribs \$1.25.

## Cincinnati Grain and Livestock.

WHEAT—Firm; No. 2 red, 70¢. CORN—Firm; No. 2 mixed, 31¢. OATS—Firm; No. 2 mixed, 24¢. CATTLE—Lower at \$1.90 to \$2.50. HOGS—Easy at \$1.90 to \$2.50. SHEEP—Steady at \$2.00 to \$2.50. LAMBS—Steady at \$2.00 to \$2.50.

## Chicago Livestock.

CATTLE—Lower at \$2.25 to \$3.00. HOGS—Lower at \$2.00 to \$2.50. SHEEP—Lower at \$2.00 to \$2.50. LAMBS—Lower at \$2.00 to \$2.50.

## Toledo Grain.

WHEAT—Dull; No. 2 cash, 63½¢. CORN—Dull; No. 2 mixed, 30½¢. OATS—Dull; No. 2 mixed, 21¢.

## NOTES OF TWO STATES.

An epidemic of typhoid fever is raging in Madison county, Ky.

Samuel Holmes, aged 19, was kicked to death by a mule at Richmond, Ky.

H. M. Lanson of Butler, Ind., who stepped on a rusty nail some time ago, is dead of lockjaw.

Miss Grace Steffy of Fort Wayne, was badly burned by exploding sealing wax while canning fruit.

Thirty cases of diphtheria have been reported to the health board at Washington, Ind., with three deaths.

The Thirty-fourth Indiana Regimental association will hold a reunion at Frankton, Ind., on Oct. 18.

The defense in the Schenkenberger poisoning case at Frankfort, Ind., it is alleged, will be insanity.

George Michael of Silver Lake, Ind., has grown 10 pumpkins, the aggregate weight of which is 450 pounds.

The infant child of Theodore Eckert of Jasper, Ind., fell into a bucket and was drowned in three inches of water.

William Hayes of Laurel, Ind., participated in a quarrel between Dennis and Carry Kelley, and was stabbed by Dennis.

The best sugar interests of Indiana have held a meeting and decided to ask the legislature to pay a bounty to beet growers.

The reform ordinance at Fort Wayne is peculiar, inasmuch as any adult citizen is authorized to arrest transient children violating its provisions.

Wagon loaded with wheat, drawn by a pair of mules, belonging to J. D. Chestnut of near Lancaster, Ky., was thrown over a 75-foot precipice into Dix river. The team was killed and the driver had a narrow escape with his life.

## TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet. M. Y.

## BLANCO'S ADVISERS

Considering Questions That Will Arise at the Peace Conference.

## COLONIAL CABINET VIEWS

Solicited by the Madrid Government on Many Points That Will Be Discussed. American Evacuation Commissioners Noncommunicative—Terrible Death Roll in Matanzas.

Havana, Sept. 22.—The colonial cabinet held a session, presided over by Captain General Blanco, to treat of matters pertaining to the evacuation of the island and to examine into and approve of the decisions of the supreme court in answer to questions which will arise at the Paris peace conference. The colonial government's judgment and opinion will extend to matters of grave importance, such as the administration of justice, civil rights, citizenship rights, international relations, territorial rights, the public debt and internal debt of the colony, university and professional titles, industrial and intellectual rights, liberty of the army, commerce and tariff regulations and other subjects equally vital.

The colonial cabinet has been furnished with a list of the questions which will arise and the answers to be given, as decided upon at Madrid. Its advice was solicited on these different points and it is understood the answers are fully approved by it.

Important documents will be taken to Paris by Dr. Congosto, secretary general of Cuba, who will sail for Europe via New York on Saturday next.

The American commissioners have not yet answered the communication sent them by the Spanish commission regarding the evacuation of the island. Admiral Sampson, when approached on the subject of the date for the final evacuation proposed by the Spaniards, and asked whether or not it was true that objection would be made to the embarkation of the Spanish troops taking until the end of February, and whether a protest or any answer had been made to the note of the Spanish commissioners, replied that he knew nothing about the matter. Such is the reserve with which our commissioners are clothed.

Robert P. Porter, who is in Cuba on a special mission from the United States government in relation to the financial and economic aspects of the situation, intends to visit Trinidad before returning home. Since leaving Havana for Cienfuegos week before last, Mr. Porter has been assiduously gathering material for a full report to President McKinley relating to tariff regulations, port charges, internal taxation and other sources of income to the island.

Advices from Matanzas state that between Jan. 1, last, and Sept. 15 there were reported 331 births and 3,901 deaths. Of the latter 90 per cent were due to hunger and distress. These advices also report that the body of a white man, who had died from hunger, was found lying in San Sebastian street, opposite the Matanzas railway station yesterday morning where it was allowed to lay. The conditions at Matanzas continue deplorable. The announcement is made that the Matanzas Railway company will soon rebuild its stations at Golpi, Kappel, Bare, Carrillo, Podres, Crimea and Marga, which were destroyed during the year, and that, beginning Oct. 1 it intends to run two trains daily from either end of the line, thus resuming the operation of the road as it was before the war.

## YELLOW FEVER.

Reports From Various Points in the South Regarding the Disease.

Louisville, Sept. 22.—Following is a recapitulation of the yellow fever situation made up from reports received from the far south last night: One new case at New Orleans; one death at Oxford, Miss., where it is reported that exposure to the infection had been general, with five cases of yellow fever now under treatment. There is one new case at Orwood, Miss., and three at Taylor's Station.

## Fairs Calls on the President.

Washington, Sept. 22.—Representatives C. W. Stone and Paris were among the president's callers. Mr. Paris talked with him briefly concerning the conduct of the approaching campaign.

## WIRE TICKS.

Captain C. A. Worden of the Seventh Infantry is dead at Fort Logan, Colo.

Exposition Commissioner Peck and staff have placed a gold wreath on the tomb of Lafayette at Paris.

The report that M. Cambon, the French minister, is to be transferred to Vienna is not believed in Washington.

The American Tobacco company (the trust) has bought the Brown Tobacco company's plant at St. Louis for \$1,300,000.

A Peking dispatch says the empress dowager has recovered her ascendancy over the emperor and that the latter is now practically in a state of tutelage.

The G. A. R. post at Narragansett Pier, R. I., furnished an escort for the remains of Miss Winnie Davis from the hotel to the railway station at Narragansett Pier.

The governor of Sierra Leone has offered a reward of £10 for the conviction of the perpetrators of the murder of the American missionaries at Rotofunk and Tama last May.

The steamer Santiago has arrived in New York from Havana with Miss Jessie Schley of Milwaukee, who visited the queen regent at Madrid on a peace mission, on board.

## INTO THE MINES

Catholic Church at Audenreid, Pa., Is Slowly Sinking.

Hazleton, Pa., Sept. 22.—St. Patrick's church at Audenreid is slowly sinking into the mines and abandonment of the property probably will be necessary. For the past 10 hours the ground has been settling and the southern wing of the church is almost entirely torn away, the main building being supported only by two badly twisted pillars. Father Malloy has ordered the removal of everything from the church and it is thought that the building will be unfit for use again. The cause of the cave-in is a sudden rush of coal in a gangway running beneath four large pillars of coal in a breast directly under the building. The church is valued at \$8,000. Large fissures have appeared in the territory surrounding the church, but thus far no other properties are affected.

## LEXINGTON RACES

Only a Small Attendance Notwithstanding the Good Weather.

Lexington, Ky., Sept. 22.—Small crowd, but a good track and fine weather, yesterday. The following events took place:

First race—Eleven-sixteenths of a mile. Elsin, won; Dudley E. second; Ben O'Fallon, third. Time, 1:50½.

Second race—Five furlongs. Sprue, won; Charlie O. second; Will Williams, third. Time, 1:04½.

Third race—Six furlongs. Dad Steele, won; Star of Bethlehem, second; Ada Russell, third. Time, 1:16½.

Fourth race—Seven furlongs. Scottie D. won; Padrone, second; Frank Griffin, third. Time, 1:30½.

## WERE TAYLOR'S MEN

Meeting of National Association of Mexican War Veterans.

Louisville, Sept. 22.—The National Association of Mexican War Veterans convened here yesterday. About 150 white-haired heroes who fought under Zachary Taylor are in attendance. The reunion will end this evening with a banquet at Fountain Ferry park. The sessions were held in the city hall, and the business has been varied by many entertainments. Officers will be elected this afternoon. The retiring officers served several years. They are: President, Major S. P. Tate, Centralia, Ill.; vice president, General E. H. Hobson, Greenville, Ky.; secretary, Wilbur Smith, Lexington, Ky.; marshal, Samuel McFadden, Logansport, Ind.

## GOVERNOR PINGREE

Renominated by Michigan Republicans and His Reform Ideas Commended.

Detroit, Sept. 22.—Governor Pingree was unanimously renominated by acclamation yesterday afternoon by the Republican state convention. His reform ideas and efforts toward regulating alleged inequalities of taxation were heartily commended in the platform adopted, and many members of his party who have heretofore not been in accord with the governor joined in the cheering when he appeared and made a characteristic speech of acceptance.

## Shot In His Doorway.

Corbin, Ky., Sept. 22.—Lige Carr, living in the edge of town, was called to his door by Will Mitchell, who fired on him with a shotgun loaded with buckshot. Two of the shot took effect, one in the left jaw, just missing the jugular vein, the other in the left shoulder. The affair was the result of an old grudge. Mitchell has not yet been arrested.

## Queen of the Carnival.

San Francisco, Sept. 22.—Among the passengers on the steamer Alameda from Hilo was Miss Anna Rose, some times called "The Rose of Hilo." Miss Rose is enroute to Topeka, where she is to act as queen of the carnival to be held there. A reception will be given her before she departs for the east by former residents of Kansas.

## Esterhazy In London In Disguise.

London, Sept. 22.—The Daily News says the Comte Esterhazy has been sojourning in London in the guise of an Italian count. In the course of the interview Comte Esterhazy said he had constantly passed the detectives detailed to watch him while in Paris in his present disguise and that nobody had recognized him.

## Fears Hydrophobia.

Hagerstown, Ind., Sept. 22.—O. T. Wright, a prominent citizen, well known over the state as an undertaker, was bitten several days ago by pet dog, which has since exhibited symptoms of hydrophobia. Mr. Wright has gone to the Pasteur Institute at Chicago for treatment.

## National German Baptist.

St. Louis, Sept. 22.—The 12th triennial conference of the National German Baptist association has begun at the First German church. The association represents 240 churches, and there are 200 delegates present from all parts of the United States.

## BASEBALL.

Standing of the Clubs. NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Clubs.	W.	L.	Pct.	Clubs.	W.	L.	Pct.
Boston	57	44	.564	Philadelphia	53	64	.450
Baltimore	54	46	.543	Pittsburgh	57	57	.500
Cincinnati	52	52	.500	Louisville	58	74	.439
Cleveland	54	50	.520	Brooklyn	48	76	.387
Chicago	50	61	.450	Washington	43	80</	



# Daily Republican.

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EDW. A. Remy,

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Six Months.....2.50  
Three Months.....1.45  
One Month......75  
One Week......15

WEEKLY.

One Year in Advance.....\$1.00

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THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 22 1898.

## THE STATE TICKET.

Secretary of State,  
UNION BANNER HUNT,  
Randolph County.

Auditor of State,  
W. H. HART,  
Clinton County.

Treasurer of State,  
LEOPOLD LEVY,  
Huntington County.

Attorney General,  
WILLIAM L. TAYLOR,  
Marion County.

Clerk of Supreme Court,  
ROBERT A. BROWN,  
Johnson County.

Superintendent of Public Instruction,  
FRANK L. JONES,  
Tipton County.

State Statisticians,  
JOHN D. CONNER,  
Marion County.

State Geologist,  
WILLIS S. BLATHELMER,  
Vigo County.

Judges of Supreme Court,  
Second District,  
ALEXANDER DOWLING,  
Floyd County.

Third District,  
J. V. HADLEY,  
Hendricks County.

Fifth District,  
FRANCIS R. BAKER,  
Elkhart County.

## THE TICKET.

For Representative,  
JAMES MARSH.

For Clerk,  
JAMES W. LEWIS.

For Auditor,  
ASBURY MANUEL.

For Recorder,  
HENRY F. BRUNING.

For Sheriff,  
JOSEPHUS GOSS.

For Coroner,  
A. M. VEAZEY.

For Surveyor,  
SAMUEL CARR.

For Commissioner 1st District,  
EZRA WHITCOMB.

The Columbus Herald, of financial flip-flop fame, takes us to task because we are working for the triumph of the citizens' ticket in Jackson county. But from what we know of the situation in Bartholomew county, the Herald will have all it can do to take care of itself during the next six weeks.

The ringsters' organ No. 1 admits incidentally that the official ring has been in existence a long time, and it might have added that it wants to hold on. It also says that if the citizens' ticket succeeds, there will be some "reformatory and revelations" follow. Of course there will be and they will be in the interest of the taxpayers of the county, too.

The official ringsters of Jackson county are beginning to realize that their high handed and arbitrary methods are not sanctioned by the citizens and taxpayers generally of the county. The citizens convention was an eye opener and the superior strength of the ticket nominated is a disappointment to them that they cannot conceal. So many citizens from all parts of the county regardless of party openly declaring themselves against the methods employed by a few office holders and political bosses to control nominating conventions and thereby perpetuate themselves in office for long terms and dictate their own successors means much, and the ringsters know it. The fact that the taxpayers are putting their own interests above the interests of this ring is what troubles the ringsters. They see the handwriting on the wall and know that their days of exclusive supremacy in Jackson county are numbered. The will of the taxpayers will prevail on election day, which means the triumph of the citizens ticket.

## POLITICAL BREVITIES.

A. H. Manuel, candidate for auditor on the citizens ticket is in the city today.

Major Chas. W. Lee, our candidate for Congress, was here yesterday evening shaking hands with friends.

Hon. Robert J. Tracewell will return from Washington to make some speeches in Indiana during the campaign.

Governor Pingree has been renominated by the republicans of Michigan and will lead the republican hosts in that state another campaign.

The republican chairmen of Jackson, Orange and Washington counties have called a delegate convention to meet at Orleans, Monday, Oct. 3, to nominate a candidate for prosecuting attorney.

When the ringsters held their primary a few months ago it is said that the publisher of the News refused to go to the polls and vote. He didn't love them then.

## The Appellate Case.

The appeal case of the Democratic nominees for the alleged vacancies on the Appellate bench was filed yesterday with the clerk of the Supreme Court for trial. As soon as the case was formally filed the attorneys immediately withdrew it from the files. Briefs reciting the facts in the case from the standpoint of the appellants were submitted, with a petition asking for an advancement of the case to trial, so that a decision can be rendered in time for the elections this year.

Certain prominent officials interested in the case say that there is no doubt but what the law is plainly against the appellants, who in their minds are working on a forlorn hope of having it sent before Judges Hackney, McCabe and Howard, who are now Democratic candidates for re-election to the Supreme bench, in the hope that they can be bulldozed into a favorable decision. It is thought that even this measure will fail, as there is a conviction that most of these men are too courageous to allow themselves to be whipped into line after this fashion. It is thought by the attorney general that the case will be among the first to be tried before the Supreme Court this session.

## Coughed 25 Years.

I suffered for 25 years with a cough, and spent hundreds of dollars with doctors and for medicine to no avail until I used Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. This remedy makes weak lungs strong. It has saved my life.—J. B. Russell, Grantsburg, Ill.

## RAILROAD RUMBLINGS

Brakeman Peter Sheron is very sick with typhoid fever.

The inspection crew on the J. M. & I. came here today from Indianapolis. E. T. Clark came up today from Washington to brake on the B. & O. S. W. He will move his family here as soon as he can get a house.

Thomas Lester, of the B. & O. S. W., and wife, of Hamden, O., came down to the city last night to visit their former home and friends.

The third 98 through freight broke in two near North Vernon last night and the sections ran together with such force as to smash the cars.

Engineer Wm. Chambers moved his family here last night from Washington and they will occupy the Able property on Brown street.

No. 10, mail and express on the J. M. & I. was slightly wrecked just south of Indianapolis this morning and the sleeper disfigured and the steps torn off.

Give the Children a Drink Called Grain-O. It is a delicious, appetizing, nourishing food drink to take the place of coffee. Sold by all grocers and liked by all who have used it because when properly prepared it tastes like the finest coffee but is free from all its injurious properties. Grain-O aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. It is not a stimulant but a health builder and children, as well as adults, can drink it with great benefit. Costs about as much as coffee. 15 and 25c.

## Bucklen's Aint a Salve

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblain, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per bottle. For sale by W. F. Peter.

# ANOTHER CHAPTER OF HORRORS

## THIS ONE RELATES TO THE WAR BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND MEXICO.

## History Records a Startling Array of Proved Charges Against Democratic Incompetency and Mismanagement.

*We condemn in untainted measure the war department for the blunders and crimes committed against the brave boys in blue in camp and on foreign battlefields by selfish contractors, incompetent surgeons and vain, heartless army officers appointed for political purposes. We hereby pledge to our brave sailors and soldiers who survive this war our earnest and loyal support to secure the punishment of the guilty parties. — Wisconsin Democratic Platform.*

The war with Mexico was conducted by a Democratic administration to extend slavery; the war with Spain was conducted by a Republican administration to free millions from the tyranny, inhumanity and barbarity of a power that holds fast to the tortures of the middle ages; the great war against secession was conducted by a Republican administration to make the union of the United States perpetual and to give freedom to millions of slaves. The latter cost hundreds of thousands of lives, about 13 per cent of the total enlistment for the northern armies. While the nation sincerely mourns such a vast expenditure, it rejoices in the benefits it brought and the mighty progress the country has made through them.

It is too early to figure the percentage of loss in life of the second great and wonderfully successful effort to strike the shackles from the oppressed, but it is safe to say that it will not be 3 per cent. The civil war called for in all 2,778,394 men. Of these 399,222 died of disease or wounds, or were killed in battle. In the recent Spanish war there were between 275,000 and 280,000 American volunteers, and so far the best estimates of deaths from all causes do not reach 3,000. That is what to secure freedom has cost the United States during the last 35 years.

In the Mexican war, from May, 1846, to April, 1847, the whole number of volunteers mustered into the United States service was 71,309, of whom only 58,926 were accepted. Altogether, including noncombatants, there were not more than 100,000 Americans engaged in active service against Mexico. The loss of life through battle and disease reached the enormous number, for so small an army, of 25,000, or 25 per cent. That is what the country had to sacrifice so that negro slavery in the land of boastful freedom might have more territory to blight with its horrors. That frightful sacrifice was made by a Democratic administration solely for Democratic purposes and Democratic slaveholders. James K. Polk was president and William L. Marcy, secretary of war. Thus we have a mathematical setting forth like this:

Cost of freedom, civil war.....	13 per cent
Cost of freedom, Spanish war.....	3 per cent
Cost of slavery, Mexican war.....	25 per cent
Excess of cost of slavery over civil war.....	12 per cent
Excess of cost of slavery over Spanish war.....	22 per cent
Excess of cost of slavery over both wars.....	9 per cent

The causes of this tremendous sacrifice to further enslave the negro began through the mismanagement and cruelty of the Democratic administration before the volunteers got south of the Ohio river. As an example, the following from a Pennsylvania regiment, will serve:

"About noon we arrived in Pittsburg. We formed in line and marched to the wharf, where we were quartered in one of the large warehouses. It was the 15th of December and the weather was very cold, but we had no stoves or any place to make a fire. In a day or two we were marched to the American hotel to be paid off. Each soldier received \$21, less \$5.50 for expenses incurred on our way to Pittsburg. Ten cents would have paid for all we got, for everything was given to the soldiers by citizens along the way. This caused considerable fuss, as there seemed to be no account given of the appropriation made for this express purpose."

Who was to blame for these soldiers' sufferings in the dead of winter without fires? Who was responsible for not accounting for the substance appropriation, but instead robbed each soldier of \$5.50 of his hard earned pay?

The Democratic heart was fired by placing one of the camps of rendezvous on the battlefield of New Orleans, a locality still extolled in song and speech on every receding 8th of January. But the exalted spirit of St. Jackson hovering over the place 31 years to a day after he had won his victory there, could not restrain the soldiers called out by his party's administration from complaining of hunger. It was on the great anniversary appropriated by Democracy that a soldier, fighting for more slave territory, wrote in his diary the following:

"This morning, as usual, the soldiers are cursing the officers and quartermasters for not furnishing us with enough to eat. It is, in fact, a perfect shame how the soldiers are treated in regard to provisions. If it was not for the little money the soldiers have, God knows how we would stand it. Nearly all our men go to New Orleans, stop at the St. Charles, and there eat, drink and make merry, thus neglecting to do their duty to the soldiers, who are lying here without half enough to eat."

One more quotation from this interesting diary of a private in the Second Pennsylvania volunteers. The date is only two days later than the anniversary on which the national Democracy,

in remembrance of St. Jackson, always takes a double hitch in its trousers and exploits everything Democratic, while crying out calamity and death as the sequence of trust in every other political party. But here is the quotation: "This morning, instead of the scorching sun, it began to snow and rain, forming a pond of ice and water around our encampment. Ice and water ran into our tents, and, as the ground was low, all our quarters were overflowed. Tonight many soldiers hunted up slave huts and are sleeping with slaves, cursing the day they went soldiering. Our blankets and clothing are frozen stiff and hard. Every soldier is talking about bad treatment and hardships of soldier life."

We pass over this soldier's trials and those of his comrades on board transports to Vera Cruz, except to state that added to their suffering from packed quarters, bad air, insufficient food and clothing, with no medical supplies, was the daily allowance of only a quart of water to each man for cooking, drinking and washing purposes.

The condition of the army a few months later can be inferred from the mild depiction of its sufferings by Secretary of War Marcy, who said in his annual report:

"The surgeons and assistant surgeons constituting the medical staff of the army are all required for the troops in the field, and it is ascertained by experience that they are scarcely sufficient for the exigencies of the service. The wants of the service have rendered it necessary to employ physicians in civil life to assist in the duties of the medical staff. This deficiency of medical assistance has been owing in part to the number of surgeons and assistants detached from troops in the field to take charge of the several hospitals which proper care of the sick and wounded have rendered indispensable."

This meant a demand for more surgeons. While the secretary of war was calling for them, Acting Surgeon General Heiskell in his report made the startling admission that he did not know how many soldiers had been killed in battle, how many were in hospitals, how many were dying of wounds or disease. He said:

"Owing to the almost total interruption of communication between the main army in Mexico and the coast since early in June, the reports of the sick and wounded have not been received from the medical officers with that army for the last two quarters. It is quite probable also that their laborious duties in relieving the wounded and administering to their comfort, left them but little time to make out in due season their quarterly reports. For these and other causes, I regret it is impossible to present with this report the usual consolidated report of the sick and wounded of the army for the year ending Sept. 30 last."

That statement was made to the secretary of war in November, 1847, but withal there was not a line or figure to show that he knew anything about even the sick and wounded who had been brought to hospitals in this country, or the sick soldiers in them who, at any time, had been unable to go to the front. The secretary of war had no data either. If he had he suppressed them, for not an intimation of them appeared in his report. He was content to let the people know that more surgeons were wanted and to let them infer that the necessity for additional medical assistance arose from no extraordinary condition of suffering in the army. But while he was thus misleading the public, the American ranks in Mexico and the southern part of this country were being decimated more by disease than by battle.

A writer of that time, A. A. Livermore, wrote in his "Consequences of the Mexican War," the following description of conditions which the secretary of war and surgeon general refused to make known to the public:

"Fever, vomit, dysentery, erysipelas and other diseases rage among the troops with terrible virulence. Far more perish in the hospitals than in the field. The deaths at the City of Mexico among the American soldiery averaged 1,000 a month for a considerable time after they occupied the 'halls of the Montezumas' and 300 or 400 a month afterward. The wounded very generally died of the effect of the climate and the access of sickness. The fact, too, that so large a portion of the troops were raw volunteers, wholly unused to a soldier's life and often unwilling to submit to the necessary sanitary regulations of the army, accounts in part for almost incredible expenditures of life."

As early in the war as September, 1846, General Taylor began to call the attention of the war department to the frightful loss his troops were having by disease. On the 31d of the month and year named he wrote from Camargo:

"There has been great sickness and mortality in the volunteer regiments." He repeated the warning at Saltillo and from both Mier and Buena Vista.

Aug. 4, 1847, sent the appalling information to Washington that: "Twenty-five per cent of my troops are disabled by disease at this moment." The next year General Taylor was at

Fort Hudson, La., where he made a speech, in which he said:

"Of those who have died in active service in Mexico, the proportion of those cut down by disease to those who fell on the battlefield was five to one."

While disease ran riot in the army of Taylor as he marched and fought his way down from the Rio Grande, the route of General Scott from Vera Cruz to the City of Mexico was a pathway of death. When he reached Puebla June 4, 1847, he sent to Washington the astounding statement that:

"The effective strength of my army has been surprisingly reduced. We left in hospital at Vera Cruz 1,000, as many sick and wounded at Jalapa, 200 at Puebla and at Puebla we have 1,017 in the hospital. This general sickness may be attributed to several causes, contrasts in climate, insufficiency of clothing and want of salt meats. The prevailing diseases are chills, fevers and diarrhoea."

Scott's loss by sickness and death up to the writing of this dispatch had been 25 per cent or more. He had left out of the army he started with from Vera Cruz only a few hundred more than 10,000 men. This was in June, and in the month following at Puebla alone 2,302 of his 10,000 were sick. Even in December, 1847, he had 2,041 sick in various hospitals, exclusive of those in the City of Mexico.

And yet this fearful history of a Democratic war to extend slavery is not at an end. Detail, a mere glimpse of it, makes the relation of this sacrifice more frightful. Out of 80 sappers and miners from West Point, who went with Scott, only 24 returned. The rest were left in graves in Mexico.

In one year the Ninth infantry lost 625 out of 730.

At the end of nine months the First South Carolina had only 90 men to go with Scott into the City of Mexico out of 1,100.

The First Tennessee had 1,000 to begin with, but it lost at the rate of 50 a month.

In August, 1847, when the First North Carolina came to be paid off, it was found that every fifth man had died since the muster rolls had been made up, two months before.

The Mississippi regiment began with 80 or 90 in a company. The rate was soon cut down to 30.

Out of 400 Georgians 40 were left fit for duty in the City of Mexico.

General Pierce's New Hampshire regiment when it reached the Mexican capital had only 129 out of 848 that could be of any service.

Colonel Baker had in his Illinois regiment 830 men to begin with. He lost 100 in six months in the Rio Grande valley. In addition 200 were dismissed to die by the way or find their way home with constitutions broken down. This was the Colonel Baker who was afterward in congress and was killed at Ball's Bluff in the civil war. While in congress he said on the floor of the house, when the Mexican war was under debate, that:

"Two thousand young men, in whose veins flowed some of the best blood of the country, who had never seen the face of the enemy, were resting in the mould on the banks of the Rio Grande."

That is, Taylor lost 2,000 men by disease before he reached the enemy's country.

Again Colonel Baker said in congress when arraigning the inefficiency, incompetency and neglect of the medical staff: "Out of 15,000 volunteers of June and July, 1846, 7,000 or 30 per cent, are already dead and gone. In a single hospital at New Orleans there were 650 sick soldiers at one time."

The January preceding the request of the secretary of war for more surgeons, and the surgeon general's admission that he could give no statement as to the sick and wounded in hospitals, or of those killed in battle or who had died from disease, congress demanded a report from the adjutant general of the army. Feb. 4, 1847, he reported that within 60 days up to that date out of the volunteers there had been:

Desertions.....	331
Killed in battle.....	71
Died of disease.....	637
Discharged on account of disease.....	3,000

So great was the bitterness against the administration that a writer of the time, the same Mr. Livermore from whom quotation was made above, in estimating the loss of life on both sides at the lowest figure of 40,000, said:

"This immense loss of human life, with all its attendant evils and woes and pains, is chargeable upon the authors and abettors of this tremendous system of legalized murder."

The transporting of the sick and wounded home was most horrifying. It was a time of terrible mistreatment of men, who innocently enlisted to serve their country, but were called upon to fight that slavery might live under the perpetual rule of the Democratic party. One voyage home of the transport Virginia was a type of that service. This voyage was made in 1846, and a writer described it as follows:

"Half of the men on the Virginia were wounded or sick, some having lost their legs, others their arms, others being wounded in arms and legs. With all those wounded, sick and dying men not a surgeon or a nurse was sent along to attend to them, not a particle of medicine, not a patch of a linen for dressing a wound. This is the usual manner of sending home the wounded and sick, sending them like old horses tired out to die."

Here is a glance at one of the hospitals of that dreadful war. It is given by an officer, who, writing home from Matamoros, said: "A man gets sick and is carried to the hospital with his blanket and knapsack. Bed and bedding are none, and bedsteads or cots are not to be had. A blanket and the ground are therefore the couch upon which the volunteer lies sick and



## Praise From Those That Know

What fine laundry work is, is where we receive encomiums, and which we value. When the old time housekeeper tells you that our perfectly laundered linen is a marvel to her, as is the manner our fine domestic finish is laid on shirt front, collar or cuff, you know that it is up-to-date and beyond competition.

## Seymour Steam Laundry,

TIPTON STREET,

TELEPHONE 23

# IT LEADS THE FIELD!

## THE SEYMOUR

# REPUBLICAN.

## DAILY AND WEEKLY.

Has the largest daily and weekly circulation in Jackson county. It is recognized as the best advertising medium.

# OUR JOB DEPARTMENT

Turns Out Only First-Glass Work.

## Agency of C. A. Calmarsh

ESTABLISHED in 1892.

Real Estate Handled to advantage and Money Loaned on Best Security Cash Needed to Supply Applicants for Loans. Money Lenders call when placing loans. The Leading Fire Insurance Agency in City. Equitable Life Assurance Society. Best in World. Travellers Accident Insurance Co. The Leader, Fidelity and Casualty Co. In all Departments. Plate Glass Insurance. P. O. Building, Seymour, Ind.

dies, if he does not recover. If he dies, he is buried with only his blanket around him."

Another writer, a visiting editor, described the hospitals as follows:

"They are places of overwhelming squalor, want and misery. They have no parallel except in Canadian emigrant sheds. Their conditions are outrageously offensive to every human sense, physical and moral."

Still another wrote:

"The sick receive no attention. All are broken, many are destitute and individual charity and help from friends constitute their only succor."

To crown this infamy of neglect and cruelty, when these poor wrecks were discharged from the hospitals they were allowed only 20 cents a day for transportation and subsistence in reaching home. All this is what the volunteers of the country got for serving in a Democratic war.

## W. F. Pfaffenberger.

DEALER IN

## BOOTS and SHOES

Seymour, Ind.

# Fall Goods Arriving Daily

JUST FOR A HUMMER: 30 dozen Men's 60c and 75c white unlaundried pleated front shirts go at 8c, all sizes, 12 to 18. Come early while assortment is complete at

## The Klondike, Clothing and Shoe Store,

WM. E. DEHLER Manager,  
41 S. Chestnut St

A complete line of Ladies, Gents and Children's Shoes in all Styles and Prices. Also a full line of Clothing, Hats and Gents Furnishing Goods. Come and see us. We will compare Quality and Prices with any firm in Southern Indiana. Keep your eyes on this space, it will pay you.



## We Will Buy Back

At full price any goods purchased of us that do not prove to be as we represented them. This is our way of doing business—yes! a new way, but it protects you and makes it to our advantage to be sure of the quality of anything before recommending it to you. It means to you

## Pure Drugs, Reliable Goods and Safety

It means to us your goodwill, confidence and regular trade. We are eager for your trade on this understanding

LET US FILL YOUR PRESCRIPTIONS.

The W. F. Peter Pharmacy.

## BEAR

In mind a few bare facts for Bear the druggist cannot forbear taking advantage of the opportunity to give anyone, looking for drugs, chemicals, stationery, toilet articles, or anything usually sold at a first class drug store. For Bear's sake therefore, forbear expressing any opinion till you have visited the Bear's Den Pharmacy conducted by

W. H. BEAR.

## W. E. GERRISH, DENTIST.

Vitalized Air for painless extraction of teeth. 24 July

THE QUAKER Bath Cabinet

Is worth \$100 to any and every family. See it! Learn all about it! Try it! Buy it! and be convinced.

L. S. SWEANY, 218 S. Third St., Seymour, Ind. Mail orders solicited.

## WEATHER INDICATIONS

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 22—For Indiana.—Rain tonight Friday partly cloudy.

Cox.

Butter eggs, poultry at Hoadley's.

C. A. Day went today to Owen town to pay a fire loss of \$250.

Cranberries, celery, peaches, grapes, Hancock's.

Homemade kraut, celery, fancy honey at F. Teckemeyers.

An investigation of the conduct of the war is not exactly what the Democrats want. What they do want is a chance to howl and rant without an investigation, a proceeding which, they know, would put a sudden stop to their chance of affecting the fall elections.—Mutual News.

Oranges, lemons, bananas, Hoadley's.

It does not follow that to become a successful advertiser a man must start in with unlimited thousands. It were better to 'go slow' until experience has paved the way to larger operations. He who starts advertising in a small way and keeps within his means in all his operations has a greater percentage of profit ahead of him when the round-up is made than he who plunges.—Chambersburg (Pa.) Opinion.

Tin and glass fruit cans at Hoadley's.

When the work of the busy woman will permit her to travel, her two miles in the sunshine she should surely make the most of such a priceless advantage; for, beneficial as the breathing of plenty of oxygen and the regular exercise of muscle are at any time, sunshine is a tonic for mind, heart and body, which no woman, sick or well, can afford to despise.—From "A Word About Walking," in Demorest's Magazine for October.

## BORN.

Brakeman Nathaniel Champion and wife, of Washington, late of Seymour, are very proud of a daughter, their first, born Tuesday, Sept. 20.

A son was born to Ed Watson and wife, Thursday, Sept. 22.

## BOOTH BUILDING.

Streets Present an Unusually Busy Appearance.

About twenty more booths were begun today. In two more days both sides of Second and Chestnut streets will be lined with them for five blocks. S. G. Rogers, the photographer, is at work today on his booth. He offers liberal premiums for best cotton crazy quilt and best fancy apron.

J. L. Kessler & Son are preparing a nice booth for an exhibit of dried beans of all kinds on which they offer premiums.

The Cordes Hardware Company is getting their booth ready for a display of clover, timothy and millet seed, on which they offer premiums.

L. G. Heins offers premiums on onion sets and is getting his booth ready today.

John Lauster is getting an attractive booth ready for a large display of cabbage and Jersey sweet potatoes.

Mose the Boss is preparing his booth for a display of Irish potatoes on which he offers premiums.

Chas. Abel has a fine booth ready for potatoes, which he solicits by the peck. He also offers a premium on pumpkins.

W. A. Carter & Son are erecting a spacious booth in which they will have an attractive display during the street fair.

W. E. Hoadley is getting his booth ready for a display of grapes for which he gives premiums.

John Nottage has everything about ready to receive several pecks of sweet potatoes on which he offers premiums.

Frank Gates is preparing a good place to exhibit the large watermelons he will have in his custody next week.

The Fair has an attractive booth about completed. Their premium is for the best plain homemade sun-bonnet.

Mike Fox is erecting a booth in which he will have some exhibits of all kinds of preserves, for the largest collection of which he gives a premium.

Hancock Bros. have their booth about ready to receive the different displays of honey, which will be placed in competition for prizes they offer.

Jack Tierney has his booth about ready for the displays of native grape wine that will be brought in.

The Seymour Furniture Co. is preparing a nice place for collections of native woods which will be an interesting exhibit.

W. F. Bush has his booth well under way. He offers premiums for the largest varieties of palms and ferns.

The work of putting up the stages is progressing nicely, and is being well done too. The electrical fountain at the junction of Second and Chestnut streets is being put in today and is attracting a great deal of attention.

The headquarters at the postoffice corner is being erected today and when the workmen are through with it it will be a beauty.

**Weak Eyes are Made Strong**  
Dim vision made clear, eyes removed and granulated lids, or sore eyes of any kind speedily and effectually cured by the use of Sutherland's Eagle Eye Salve. It's put up in tubes, and sold on a guarantee by all good druggists.

Lucas vs. Bottorff.  
Trial was begun Wednesday morning in the case of Gerry Lucas vs. Milo and Ella Bottorff for damages for alienating his wife's affections. Mrs. Lucas was a daughter of the defendant in the case.

**Lamps.**  
Elegant designs just received from factory at Trenton, N. J. Low, broad bases. Adorn your houses for the street fair visitors.

3t C. W. MILHOUS, Druggist.

**Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair, Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.**

**DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER**

A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

## BUSINESS NOTES.

J. D. Mapleton is here from Lafayette on business.

and adds much to the appearance of the building.

L. D. Adkins, of Shoals, came up today on business.

S. V. Harding went today to Columbus on business.

A. B. Conkle is here from Indianapolis on business.

The Blish's are erecting their booths at the postoffice.

Farmers find their ground too wet to sow for wheat.

J. H. Hodapp made a business trip north last evening.

John Fox and wife are here from Kokomo on business.

Mrs. Sarah Lutes, of Bedford, came up today on business.

A. H. Manuel is in the city from Freetown on business.

A gentle rain began last night and continued eight hours.

Alex. Greger, of the county seat, came up last night on business.

T. C. Wood, of Scott county, came up last evening on business.

S. C. Waters, of Martin county, came up last evening on business.

Voss & Son are making a big lot of barrels for the Hominy Mill.

Simon Strauss made a business trip this forenoon to Cincinnati.

Thomas Johnson, of Indianapolis, is a business visitor in the city.

G. M. Kelley and wife, of Loogootee, came here today on business.

John Lemon has charge of the engine at the Humes Planing mill.

Several important real estate deals will be made in the city next week.

Frank Vance, of the county seat, came up today on special business.

Three old veterans were before the Seymour pension board Wednesday.

Charles Hirtzell has finished painting the Hotel Jona, which is plain white.

E. W. Shepard made a business trip to Oaktown and Terre Haute yesterday.

Charles Miller, of Mt. Carmel, Ill., came up to the city last evening on business.

A. W. Mitchiner, J. K. Abbott came in this morning from Washington on business.

J. T. O'Brian is here from Cincinnati on business. He will attend our big street fair.

Homer Harrod, of Scottsburg, moved his family to Brownsburg today for future residence.

Charles Vogel is erecting a nice dwelling on Storms Creek for the widow Ranks.

John Stockton and wife and C. E. Ernest and wife, of Brown county, came here today on business.

Postmaster J. E. Kingsbury, of Crothersville, favored the REPUBLICAN with a business call yesterday.

Ed. McDonald is home from Pocket, where he has been getting out a quarter of a million of tight staves.

John F. Claybaker and Fred Steinfeld, of Shields, brought a nice lot of farm products here last evening.

Arthur Dexter Peacock, of Abington, Va., member of the 6th Ill. Vol., went to Crothersville last night to visit relatives.

A large stage is being erected on South Chestnut street in front of the Furniture store for a Japanese theatrical show.

E. E. Gaskill, of Cincinnati, formerly of this city, who has visited his Seymour friends and attended to business, returned home today.

Frank Kirkhoff, watchman at the Woolen Mill, has purchased property in Woodstock and moved his family into it yesterday.

G. A. Robertson, Frank Stockover, and Taylor Pruden went today to the county seat to complete the partition of the Rhoads land.

David Payton moved his family here this morning from Mitchell and they will occupy the Dorck property on Beech and Jackson streets.

J. C. Craig, of Fruit Hill, delivered his last haul of peaches here last evening making 2650 bushels here this season. He hasn't sold ten bushels at any other point in the county simply because he had no market.

Dentists Prall & Coryell for teeth without plates; vapor for painless extraction.

Series O, Cooperative B. & L. Association. This new series will be begun Monday Oct. 3. All who desire to take stock call on W. F. PETER, Sec'y.

## PERSONAL.

Mrs. Sarah Sanks, of Holton, came to the city today to visit friends.

W. H. Stankums is in the city from Bloomfield calling on old friends.

Mrs. Henry Sprenger is better and sat up yesterday for the first time.

Ben George and wife drove today to Deputy to attend a grove meeting.

Mrs. John Wagner is here from Ludlow, Ky., to see her sick mother, Mrs. Henry Sprenger.

L. B. Sefrit, of the Washington Gazette, is here to attend the Ross-Lester wedding tonight.

Mrs. M. M. Cossiner, of Chicago, is very sick at the home of her sister, Mrs. Milton Turner.

Superintendent J. E. Payne, of the county seat, is in the city today looking after the primary institute.

Walter Johnson and wife, of Covington, Ky., are visiting on White Creek. They will take in our big street fair.

William Lafkin, who came home from the army nearly three weeks ago sick, is better but not able to sit up yet.

L. F. Johnson and wife came here today from Bloomington to see friends. They will take in the big street fair.

Mrs. William Shutt, of Ewing, went today to Columbus to attend the funeral of her brother-in-law, George Ray, who died yesterday after a lingering illness.

M. M. and L. F. Frieman, of Cincinnati, came in today from the west on business [and to see their sick uncle Mathias Frieman, who is some better. He is 87 years old.

## COURT NOTES.

Our attorneys and others went today to court.

The suit of Lucas against Bottorff was begun in court at noon yesterday and may take up the remainder of the week.

A jury found Mrs. Sophia Russell, of Grassyfork, to be of unsound mind and a guardian will be appointed but not yet as a motion was made for a new trial.

Hugo Fox's saloon was burglarized last night, thieves entering the upper part of the window. Outside of rifling the money drawer of a few pennies nothing else was taken. Let everybody keep their houses securely fastened next week.

## THE LADIES.

The pleasant effect and perfect safety with which ladies may use Syrup or Figs, under all conditions, makes it their favorite remedy. To get the true and genuine article, look for the name of the California Fig Syrup Co. printed near the bottom of the package. For sale by all druggists.

**The Eagle, King of All Birds.**  
Is noted for its keen sight, clear and distinct vision. So are those persons who use Sutherland's Eagle Eye Salve for weak eyes, styes, sore eyes of any kind or granulated lids. Sold by all dealers at 25 cents.

## MARRIED.

John Shannon, of Redding township, and Miss Mary Hinton, of Seymour, were united in marriage Friday, Sept. 18, 1898.

Dentists Prall & Coryell, for teeth without plates; vapor for painless extraction. 24 Oct

Last of the Season. Cincinnati and Return 75 Cents.

Via B. & O. S. W. Ry., Sunday September 25 1898. Special trains leave 7 a. m. and 8:30 a. m. returning leave Cincinnati at 7:30 p. m. same date. Base ball two games in the afternoon, Cleveland and Cincinnati, other attractions, zoological garden, Chester park, art museum, Burnetwoods park, Ft. Thomas, Sunday matinees at all the opera houses.

J. P. HONAN, Ticket Agt.

Cheap Trips to the Northwest. West and Southwest.

Persons contemplating business or pleasure trips to the Northwest, West or Southwest may arrange for an enjoyable journey at low fare by communicating with W. W. Richardson, district passenger agent of the Pennsylvania Lines, Indianapolis. He represents the short lines to Chicago, St. Louis, Louisville and Cincinnati, the gateways to the Northwest, West and Southwest. Tell Mr. Richardson where you wish to go and he will cheerfully furnish full information about special low rates and quick through time.

## Notice.

After October 3 the Pearl Laundry and the Seymour Laundry will do a strictly cash business. For the convenience of our customers we will sell coupon books for \$1, \$2, \$3 and \$5 which will be discounted 10 per cent.

Respectfully,

E. C. BOLLINGER, A. R. VOGEL & Co.

## Magazine Notes.

The special features of the October number of Harper's Magazine are: "On the Roof of the World, Notes on My Journey Through Asia," by Sven Hedin; "Our Navy in Asiatic Waters," by William Elliot Griffis; and "Our Future Policy," by Hon. J. G. Carlisle; "An Angel in a Web," by Julian Ralph; and "The Span of Life," a story by William McLennan and J. N. McIlwraith is begun. The number contains also several short stories, poems, and the Drawer.

McClure's Magazine has secured for the October number a "human document" of the recent war of the highest interest and value. It is a diary kept by the British Consul at Santiago de Cuba from the day before the arrival of Cervera's fleet until the day after the American army took possession of the city.

John Kendrick Bangs' newest stories are to appear in The Ladies' Home Journal. They are called "Stories of a Suburban Town." There are several, and each will relate some droll incidents in the life of a small town.

Low Rates to Omaha Every Day via Pennsylvania Lines for Trans-Mississippi Exposition.

Excursion tickets to Omaha are on sale daily at principal ticket offices of the Pennsylvania Lines and may be obtained up to October 15th, inclusive. The return limit includes November 15th. For special information about the low fare and quick through time over this route, apply to nearest ticket agent of the Pennsylvania Lines, or address F. Van Dusen, A. G. P. A., Pittsburgh, Pa.

## COX'S PHARMACY!

—HEADQUARTERS FOR—  
Family Medicines and Druggist's Sundries.

Physicians' prescription given special attention.

Ring bell at door for night clerk.

Our soda water is excelled by none.

ALPHA COX, Proprietor,

Chestnut St. near P. O., Seymour, Ind.

Who will be the First Applicant?

For that fifty dollar bed room suit which A. J. Conroy, the king of installment houses has offered to the brave couple that is willing to get married on one of the platforms before the general public at the Seymour Street Fair. Bedroom suit will be on exhibition at the installment house, No. 57 East Second street after September 10.

WILLIAM ANDERSON, Manager.

## MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK

RICHARD A. McCURDY, Pres

STATEMENT.  
For the year ending December 31, 1897. According to the Standard of the Insurance Department of the State of New York.

**INCOME.**  
Received for Premiums \$42,635,201.99  
From all other Sources 11,463,406.24  
\$54,102,608.23

**DISBURSEMENTS.**  
To Policy-holders for Claims by Death \$13,279,630.69  
To Policy-holders for Endowments, Dividends, etc. 12,712,424.78  
For all other accounts 10,132,003.57  
\$36,124,069.04

**ASSETS.**  
United States Bonds and other Securities \$132,017,341.45  
First Lien Loans on Bond and Mortgage 60,423,937.31  
Loans on Stocks and Bonds 12,880,308.00  
Real Estate 21,618,454.88  
Cash in Banks and Trust Companies 11,705,106.82  
Accrued Interest, Net Deferred Premiums, etc. 6,141,300.20  
\$253,786,457.66

Reserve for Policies and other Liabilities 218,278,243.07  
Surplus \$35,508,194.59  
Insurance and Annuities in force \$306,634,426.63

I have carefully examined the foregoing Statement and find the same to be correct; liabilities calculated by the Insurance Department. CHARLES A. FRIELER Auditor

From the Surplus a dividend will be apportioned as usual.

ROBERT A. GRANNISS, Vice-President.

WALTER R. GILLETTE, General Manager  
ISAAC F. LLOYD, 2d Vice-President  
FREDERIC CROMWELL, Treasurer  
EMORY MCCLINTOCK, Actuary

Local agents wanted. Address: ALEX. HUTCHINSON, Gen. Agent, Evansville, Ind.

## WE ARE READY!

And well prepared for our autumn business. Our store room is crowded with new choice goods and the low prices will make them go. Come and see us.

## L. F. MILLER & CO.

ESTABLISHED 1860.

## Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry.

My Stock for the Fall Season is the most complete and comprises a choice assortment of

## UP-TO-DATE GOODS.

The good people of Seymour and the country 'round are invited to call and inspect the fine display. Rare Bargains to Early Buyers. All Goods Engraved Free.

S. V. HARDING, Leading The Jeweler and Optician.

110 W. SECOND ST.

SEYMOUR, IND

## PETIT'S RESTAURANT

—AND—

## Midnight Lunch.

When the sun goes down and the moon comes up

Oh, then is the time night rounders sup—

It's chicken right here and a sirloin there

Regardless of Petit's night bill o' fare.

The man from the cards, and him from saloon,

Hits Petit's each night 'neath the light of the moon,

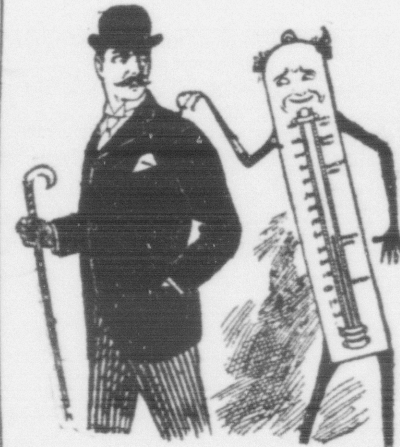
And each one wants a lunch and a little bite more

At Petit's reliable all night luncheon store!

So we fix up adish, the best of our store

At Petit's Lunch Room, in the town of Seymour.

## A Forcible Reminder



When the falling thermometer makes you remember that it is time to think of your winter clothing. We have a beautiful new stock of imported and domestic tweeds, diagonals, chevrons, clay serge and fancy mixtures, from which to choose, and will fit and make them in our old time fine taste and exquisite style at hard time prices.

## Riehm, The Tailor

## THE TRAVIS CARTER CO., Contractors and Builders.

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

## Lumber, Sash, Doors, Blinds

AND OTHER BUILDING MATERIAL.

Specifications and Plans Furnished. Ewing Street, between Third and Fourth.

## LOOK HERE.

I AM GOING TO CLOSE OUT MY ENTIRE STOCK OF

**Fashionable Piece Goods At a Great Sacrifice.**

You will want a new Suit or Pantaloon for the Street Fair.

Get them Now while Prices are Low

We Guarantee You a Big Saving on Goods and we can Fit You.

Now is the Time to Save Dollars By Seeing

**W. A. KRAUSE, The Reliable Tailor.**



# Louisville Division. Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

Southward.	10	12	2	4	6	8	10	12	2	4	6	8	10	12
Chicago	10:15	12:15	2:15	4:15	6:15	8:15	10:15	12:15	2:15	4:15	6:15	8:15	10:15	12:15
Indianapolis	10:30	12:30	2:30	4:30	6:30	8:30	10:30	12:30	2:30	4:30	6:30	8:30	10:30	12:30
St. Louis	10:45	12:45	2:45	4:45	6:45	8:45	10:45	12:45	2:45	4:45	6:45	8:45	10:45	12:45
St. Paul	11:00	13:00	3:00	5:00	7:00	9:00	11:00	13:00	3:00	5:00	7:00	9:00	11:00	13:00
St. Peter	11:15	13:15	3:15	5:15	7:15	9:15	11:15	13:15	3:15	5:15	7:15	9:15	11:15	13:15
St. Cloud	11:30	13:30	3:30	5:30	7:30	9:30	11:30	13:30	3:30	5:30	7:30	9:30	11:30	13:30
St. James	11:45	13:45	3:45	5:45	7:45	9:45	11:45	13:45	3:45	5:45	7:45	9:45	11:45	13:45
St. Mary	12:00	14:00	4:00	6:00	8:00	10:00	12:00	14:00	4:00	6:00	8:00	10:00	12:00	14:00
St. Anthony	12:15	14:15	4:15	6:15	8:15	10:15	12:15	14:15	4:15	6:15	8:15	10:15	12:15	14:15
St. Joseph	12:30	14:30	4:30	6:30	8:30	10:30	12:30	14:30	4:30	6:30	8:30	10:30	12:30	14:30
St. Charles	12:45	14:45	4:45	6:45	8:45	10:45	12:45	14:45	4:45	6:45	8:45	10:45	12:45	14:45
St. Louis	13:00	15:00	5:00	7:00	9:00	11:00	13:00	15:00	5:00	7:00	9:00	11:00	13:00	15:00
St. Paul	13:15	15:15	5:15	7:15	9:15	11:15	13:15	15:15	5:15	7:15	9:15	11:15	13:15	15:15
St. Peter	13:30	15:30	5:30	7:30	9:30	11:30	13:30	15:30	5:30	7:30	9:30	11:30	13:30	15:30
St. Cloud	13:45	15:45	5:45	7:45	9:45	11:45	13:45	15:45	5:45	7:45	9:45	11:45	13:45	15:45
St. James	14:00	16:00	6:00	8:00	10:00	12:00	14:00	16:00	6:00	8:00	10:00	12:00	14:00	16:00
St. Mary	14:15	16:15	6:15	8:15	10:15	12:15	14:15	16:15	6:15	8:15	10:15	12:15	14:15	16:15
St. Anthony	14:30	16:30	6:30	8:30	10:30	12:30	14:30	16:30	6:30	8:30	10:30	12:30	14:30	16:30
St. Joseph	14:45	16:45	6:45	8:45	10:45	12:45	14:45	16:45	6:45	8:45	10:45	12:45	14:45	16:45
St. Charles	15:00	17:00	7:00	9:00	11:00	13:00	15:00	17:00	7:00	9:00	11:00	13:00	15:00	17:00
St. Louis	15:15	17:15	7:15	9:15	11:15	13:15	15:15	17:15	7:15	9:15	11:15	13:15	15:15	17:15
St. Paul	15:30	17:30	7:30	9:30	11:30	13:30	15:30	17:30	7:30	9:30	11:30	13:30	15:30	17:30
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St. James	16:15	18:15	8:15	10:15	12:15	14:15	16:15	18:15	8:15	10:15	12:15	14:15	16:15	18:15
St. Mary	16:30	18:30	8:30	10:30	12:30	14:30	16:30	18:30	8:30	10:30	12:30	14:30	16:30	18:30
St. Anthony	16:45	18:45	8:45	10:45	12:45	14:45	16:45	18:45	8:45	10:45	12:45	14:45	16:45	18:45
St. Joseph	17:00	19:00	9:00	11:00	13:00	15:00	17:00	19:00	9:00	11:00	13:00	15:00	17:00	19:00
St. Charles	17:15	19:15	9:15	11:15	13:15	15:15	17:15	19:15	9:15	11:15	13:15	15:15	17:15	19:15
St. Louis	17:30	19:30	9:30	11:30	13:30	15:30	17:30	19:30	9:30	11:30	13:30	15:30	17:30	19:30
St. Paul	17:45	19:45	9:45	11:45	13:45	15:45	17:45	19:45	9:45	11:45	13:45	15:45	17:45	19:45
St. Peter	18:00	20:00	10:00	12:00	14:00	16:00	18:00	20:00	10:00	12:00	14:00	16:00	18:00	20:00
St. Cloud	18:15	20:15	10:15	12:15	14:15	16:15	18:15	20:15	10:15	12:15	14:15	16:15	18:15	20:15
St. James	18:30	20:30	10:30	12:30	14:30	16:30	18:30	20:30	10:30	12:30	14:30	16:30	18:30	20:30
St. Mary	18:45	20:45	10:45	12:45	14:45	16:45	18:45	20:45	10:45	12:45	14:45	16:45	18:45	20:45
St. Anthony	19:00	21:00	11:00	13:00	15:00	17:00	19:00	21:00	11:00	13:00	15:00	17:00	19:00	21:00
St. Joseph	19:15	21:15	11:15	13:15	15:15	17:15	19:15	21:15	11:15	13:15	15:15	17:15	19:15	21:15
St. Charles	19:30	21:30	11:30	13:30	15:30	17:30	19:30	21:30	11:30	13:30	15:30	17:30	19:30	21:30
St. Louis	19:45	21:45	11:45	13:45	15:45	17:45	19:45	21:45	11:45	13:45	15:45	17:45	19:45	21:45
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St. Cloud	20:30	22:30	12:30	14:30	16:30	18:30	20:30	22:30	12:30	14:30	16:30	18:30	20:30	22:30
St. James	20:45	22:45	12:45	14:45	16:45	18:45	20:45	22:45	12:45	14:45	16:45	18:45	20:45	22:45
St. Mary	21:00	23:00	13:00	15:00	17:00	19:00	21:00	23:00	13:00	15:00	17:00	19:00	21:00	23:00
St. Anthony	21:15	23:15	13:15	15:15	17:15	19:15	21:15	23:15	13:15	15:15	17:15	19:15	21:15	23:15
St. Joseph	21:30	23:30	13:30	15:30	17:30	19:30	21:30	23:30	13:30	15:30	17:30	19:30	21:30	23:30
St. Charles	21:45	23:45	13:45	15:45	17:45	19:45	21:45	23:45	13:45	15:45	17:45	19:45	21:45	23:45
St. Louis	22:00	24:00	14:00	16:00	18:00	20:00	22:00	24:00	14:00	16:00	18:00	20:00	22:00	24:00
St. Paul	22:15	24:15	14:15	16:15	18:15	20:15	22:15	24:15	14:15	16:15	18:15	20:15	22:15	24:15
St. Peter	22:30	24:30	14:30	16:30	18:30	20:30	22:30	24:30	14:30	16:30	18:30	20:30	22:30	24:30
St. Cloud	22:45	24:45	14:45	16:45	18:45	20:45	22:45	24:45	14:45	16:45	18:45	20:45	22:45	24:45
St. James	23:00	25:00	15:00	17:00	19:00	21:00	23:00	25:00	15:00	17:00	19:00	21:00	23:00	25:00
St. Mary	23:15	25:15	15:15	17:15	19:15	21:15	23:15	25:15	15:15	17:15	19:15	21:15	23:15	25:15
St. Anthony	23:30	25:30	15:30	17:30	19:30	21:30	23:30	25:30	15:30	17:30	19:30	21:30	23:30	25:30
St. Joseph	23:45	25:45	15:45	17:45	19:45	21:45	23:45	25:45	15:45	17:45	19:45	21:45	23:45	25:45
St. Charles	24:00	26:00	16:00	18:00	20:00	22:00	24:00	26:00	16:00	18:00	20:00	22:00	24:00	26:00
St. Louis	24:15	26:15	16:15	18:15	20:15	22:15	24:15	26:15	16:15	18:15	20:15	22:15	24:15	26:15
St. Paul	24:30	26:30	16:30	18:30	20:30	22:30	24:30	26:30	16:30	18:30	20:30	22:30	24:30	26:30
St. Peter	24:45	26:45	16:45	18:45	20:45	22:45	24:45	26:45	16:45	18:45	20:45	22:45	24:45	26:45
St. Cloud	25:00	27:00	17:00	19:00	21:00	23:00	25:00	27:00	17:00	19:00	21:00	23:00	25:00	27:00
St. James	25:15	27:15	17:15	19:15	21:15	23:15	25:15	27:15	17:15	19:15	21:15	23:15	25:15	27:15
St. Mary	25:30	27:30	17:30	19:30	21:30	23:30	25:30	27:30	17:30	19:30	21:30	23:30	25:30	27:30
St. Anthony	25:45	27:45	17:45	19:45	21:45	23:45	25:45	27:45	17:45	19:45	21:45	23:45	25:45	27:45
St. Joseph	26:00	28:00	18:00	20:00	22:00	24:00	26:00	28:00	18:00	20:00	22:00	24:00	26:00	28:00
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St. Louis	26:30	28:30	18:30	20:30	22:30	24:30	26:30	28:30	18:30	20:30	22:30	24:30	26:30	28:30
St. Paul	26:45	28:45	18:45	20:45	22:45	24:45	26:45	28:45	18:45	20:45	22:45	24:45	26:45	28:45
St. Peter	27:00	29:00	19:00	21:00	23:00	25:00	27:00	29:00	19:00	21:00	23:00	25:00	27:00	29:00
St. Cloud	27:15	29:15	19:15	21:15	23:15	25:15	27:15	29:15	19:15	21:15	23:15	25:15	27:15	29:15
St. James	27:30	29:30	19:30	21:30	23:30	25:30	27:30	29:30	19:30	21:30	23:30	25:30	27:30	29:30
St. Mary	27:45	29:45	19:45	21:45	23:45	25:45	27:45	29:45	19:45	21:45	23:45	25:45	27:45	29:45
St. Anthony	28:00	30:00	20:00	22:00	24:00	26:00	28:00	30:00	20:00	22:00	24:00	26:00	28:00	30:00
St. Joseph	28:15	30:15	20:15	22:15	24:15	26:15	28:15	30:15	20:15	22:15	24:15	26:15	28:15	30:15
St. Charles	28:30	30:30	20:30	22:30	24:30	26:30	28:30	30:30	20:30	22:30	24:30	26:30	28:30	30:30
St. Louis	28:45	30:45	20:45	22:45	24:45	26:45	28:45	30:45	20:45	22:45	24:45	26:45	28:45	30:45
St. Paul	29:00	31:00	21:00	23:00	25:00	27:00	29:00	31:00	21:00	23:00	25:00	27:00	29:00	31:00
St. Peter	29:15	31:15	21:15	23:15	25:15	27:15	29:15	31:15	21:15	23:15	25:15	27:15	29:15	31:15
St. Cloud	29:30	31:30	21:30	23:30	25:30	27:30	29:30	31:30	21:30	23:30	25:30	27:30	29:30	31:30
St. James	29:45	31:45	21:45	23:45	25:45	27:45	29:45	31:45	21:45	23:45	25:45	27:45	29:45	31:45
St. Mary	30:00	32:00	22:00	24:00	26:00	28:00	30:00	32:00	22:00	24:00	26:00	28:00	30:00	32:00